Soviets offer Gulf naval escort

MOSCOW (R) — A Moscow Foreign Ministry spokesman said Tuesday three oil tankers chartered to Kuwait for three years could be escorted by Soviet naval vessels if needed. The spokesman, Gennady Gerasimov, told reporters at a regular briefing that the charter agreement, on which he gave no specific details, could be extended after the first three years. Gerasimov was confirming reports from diplomatic sources in Kuwait who said on Monday Kuwait had agreed to cnarter the tankers from Moseow in a move to protect its oil exports through the war-torn Gulf. "If necessary, they will be protected by Soviet vessels," Gerasimov added. He did not say how it would be decided when protection was required. According to the Kuwait-based diplomats, the agreement followed months of talks by Kuwait with Moscow and Washington on ways to secure its oil lifeline. Iran has attacked Kuwaiti-connected vessels in retaliation for what it says is Kuwait's support for Iraq in the Gulf war. Moscow has sought to maintain neutrality in the conflict, urging both sides to make peace. But recently it has indicated disapproval of Iran's insistence on continuing the



Mubarak meets businessmen

CAIRO (Petra) — Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak met in Cairo on Tuesday with a delegation of Jordanian businessmen visiting Egypt for talks on promoting trade and economic cooperation between Jordan and Egypt: The meeting was attended by Jordan's Ambassador to Egypt Husein Hammami. Following the meeting, Mr. Mamdouh Abu Hassan, who leads the delegation, said that President Mubarak expressed deep partial control of the property of the pro president stressed the importance of Arab solidarity and voiced regret over continuing differences among Arab governments, Mr. Abu Hassan said. The president, he added, urged businessmen of both countries to achieve further coordination in economic and trade matters and also to develop their exchange of information and expertise in the fertilisers industry, agriculture and plasticulture. The delegation earlier toured the October Six industrial city in Egypt and were briefed on its activities and

Volume 12 Number 3451

AMMAN, WEDNESDAY APRIL 15, 1987, SHABAN 17, 1407

Birzeit killing sparks

violent Arab protests

throughout W. Bank

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Justice ministers thank Jordan

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AMMAN (Petra) — Participants in the meetings of the Council of Arab Justice Ministers on Tnesday sent a cable of thanks to His Majesty King Hussein at the conclusion of the council's fifth session in Amman. The cable paid tribute to the King's patronage of the council and said the King's support "contributed to the positive results and recommendations x Cata F aimed at bringing about unified Arah legislations. The partici-pants also sent a similar cable to His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, in which they highly praised his keynote address at the outset of the session. Earlier on Tuesday, the ministers visited the Karameh Battle site in the Jordan Valley and laid a wreath at the Martyrs

Syrian minister visits Jordan Valley

יון איצויה יין IRBID (Petra) - Syrian Minister in becames of Interior Mohammad Ghabash on Tuesday visited the frontlines of the 12th Royal Mechanised Division and the Jordan Valley ME ME region. Mr. Ghabasb, who was 3. 7. 2 accompanied by his Jordanian counterpart Rajai Dajani, was met by Irbid Governor Akram Al C VARIOUS Naser and senior officers who briefed him on the stratege in the portance of the northern Jordan teter the minister visited Wadi Al Arah Dam and heard a briefing by Jordan Valley Authority (JVA) President Munther Haddadin on the East Gbor Canal and its usefulness for the valley.

Mubarak's party gains more seats

CAIRO (AP) - President Hosni Mnharak's party chalked up further parliamentary gains Tues-Value day, winning eight of nine seats contested in runoff elections, according to official results. This brought the total strength of the National Democratic Party (NDP) to 347 seats in the Pcople's Assembly, which has 448 elected seats. The constitution empowers Mr. Mnharak to appoint up to 10 members of parliament.

U.S. sends home 5 **Marines from Vienna**

VIENNA (R) - Five U.S. Marines guarding their country's Vienna embassy have been sent home under suspicion of baving unauthorised contacts with local nationals while previously serving in East bloc countries, a U.S. embassy spokeswoman said Tuesday. She told Reuters the five were sent home on Sunday for further investigations but there was no suspicion at this stage that their cases involved espionage. (See related story on page 8).

Moscow denies radiation leak

MOSCOW (AP) — The Soviet Union on Tuesday denied that radiation detected in West Germany and Sweden came from the Soviet Union. Foreign Ministry spokesman Gennady Gerasimov told reporters that the Soviet Union's radiation detection equipment is "functioning well and no discharges of radioactive emissions have been registered on the territory of the Soviet Union." He said if anyone is detecting radioactive releases they should look elsewhere (See related story on page 8).

INSIDE

 Libya said continuing air raids on lost positions in Chad, page 2

corners of the once-fashionable Ras Beirut district, police said. Pan-Arab psychiatric Several cars were damaged and conference opens in the windows of surrounding apartment blocks were shattered. Amman, page 3 residents reported.

of Verdun.

• A bogus plot to kill Reagan — another case

of manipulation, page 4
Berlin celebrates 750th birthday, page 5

• Jordan Rally rolls off

today, page 6 Energy expert expects

more dependence on Mideast oil, page 7 • Soviets may sell MiG-

29s to Zimbabwe, page 8

RAMALLAH (Agencies) — Hundreds of protesters hurled rocks at Israeli troops in towns throughout the West Bank Tuesday and the Israeli army clamped a curfew on the

nian student shot dead by Israeli soldiers on Monday.

An Israeli spokesman said the dawn to dusk curfew was imposed on Rafiah, an occupied Gaza Strip town bordering Egypt, in the wake of demonstrations by rock-throwing Palestinians to protest the slaying of Musa Al Hanafi, 23.

Hanafi was shot to death when Israeli troops stormed the Birzeit University campus in the West Bank on Monday to disperse hundreds of student protesters. The army closed the 3,000-student campus for four months, citing the violent clashes.

The current cycle of violence began when a firebomb hurled into a car Saturday night killed a Jewish woman and seriously injured five other Jewish settlers. An army official reported rock throwing and demonstrations in

SIDON, Lebanon (Agencies) -

Syrian troops deployed Tuesday at the outskirts of the port city of

Sidon, the farthest south they

have been since the Israeli inva-

The move was described as

war between Palestinians and the

Shi'ite Amal militia around re-

fugee camps and highlands east of

Officials at the Syrian com-

mand in Beirut said 120 Syrian

paratroopers deployed down a 35-kilometre stretch of the coas-

tal highway np to the Awali River

"There will be complete coor-

dination between the Lebanese

troops and the Syrians," a Syrian

Dynamite

blasts rock

west Beirut

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Six bombs exploded in a 10-minute

span in Syrian-controlled west

Beirut on Tuesday and police said

It was the biggest single-day bomh blitz in Beirut's mainly

Muslim western sector since Syria

deployed 7,500 troops Feh. 22 to

end three years of militia

Tuesday'a hiasts raised the

number of bombings since the

Police said the blasts were

caused by sticks of dynamite

hurled by unidentified extremists

from a speeding blue Pengeot car

in the Hamra commercial district

and the nearby residential district

Most of the dynamite exploded

on rubbish piled up on street

Syria's chief of military intelli-

gence in Lebanon, Brigadier Ghazi Kanaan, has said his sol-

diers detained several people sus-

pected of involvement in "gar-

bage bomb" attacks.
The latest blasts also came less

than 24 hours after fresh fighting

erupted between rival forces

across the Lebanese capital.

Artillery shells and mortar

bombs slammed into both sectors

Syrian intervention to 56.

four civilians were wounded.

sion of Lebanon in 1982.

ned at endo

March 4.

Ramallah Tuesday.

occupied Gaza Strip hometown of a Palesti-

In Ramallah, a news photographer saw troops fire rubber bullets and tear-gas cannisters to disperse dozens of demonstrators outside a girl's school in the Manara Square.

Palestinian protesters also de-monstrated outside the College of Medical Professions, just south of Ramallah, setting up roadblocks and burning tyres soaked with

The protesters, which included women, chanted "Israel no, PLO," as they huried rocks in the direction of dozens of Israeli troops patrolling about 50 metres

Reporters also observed evidence of early-morning demonstrations in Ramallah, with rocks, broken glass and half-burnt gar-

officer at Awali told reporters.

Reports have said that Israel

has warned that it would not

tolerate a Syrian military pre-

sence south of the Awali, calling the river an "Israeli red line."

border. The deployment force is

equipped with light automatic

weapons without any tanks or

of the deploying force, told re-porters at Awali that he has no

orders to enter Sidon at the time

being. He said his troops would

Colonel Ali Deeb, commander

armoured personnel carriers.

The river runs roughly 60

orth of the

atmosphere was tense, with schools closed and shops shuttered on the second day of a

commercial strive. An army jeep rounding up teenage protesters patrolled the streets, stopping occasionally to question Arabs, check their identity cards and order them

The Palestine Press Service, which monitors news in the occupied territories, also reported de-monstrations in the West Bank towns of Bethlehem, Nablus and Jenin, as well as at the Balata refugee camp. It said there were no reported injuries.

In Nablus, Al Najah University closed down for three days in solidarity with the closure for four months of Birzeit.

Britain said Tuesday it deplored the outbreak of violence in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

"We deplore the recent out-break of violence in the occupied territories," a Foreign Office spokesman said in London.

These events serve only to demonstrate how quickly one act of violence leads to another. fuelling extremism on both sides.

curb a three-year anarchist reign

of feuding militias at the request

The Syrians have since closed

down all militia offices in the

capital's western sector and inter-

vened to ease a five-month-old

Tuesday's expansion of the Sy-

rian military intervention is

aimed at speeding up a withdraw-al of Palestinian fighters from the

camps by Amal militiamen.

of Muslim government leaders.

REGENT VISITS MAFRAQ SCHOOL: His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the

Regent, on Tuesday visits a classroom at a school in Mafraq (See story on page 3)

PLO factions continue dialogue; Syria launches new initiative

A PALESTINIAN national dialogue entered its second day here on Tuesday and informed sources said Syria had proposed that it would back efforts for reunifying the ranks of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) subject to certain conditions.

As various factions of the PLO met here and continued discussions over means and ways to reunite rival PLO groups under the umbrella of the organisation led by Chairman Yasser Arafat, well-placed Palestinian sources said Syrian President Hafez Al Assad, in a meeting with former PNC Speaker Khaled Al Fahoum on Monday, expressed willingness to receive a PLO delegation representing all factions if all factions endorsed an inter-PLO agreement signed by six factions in Tripoli, Libya, last month. The invitation to all PLO factions to visit Damascus for a meeting with Mr. Assad before the Palestine National Council (PNC) convenes here on April 20, the sources said.

According to the sources, Syria suggested that Khalil Al Wazir, deputy military commander of the PLO and co-founder of

By Lamis K. Andoni in Algiers Fatch, the largest Palestinian Others viewed the Syrian initiacommando movement and Mr. Arafat's powerbase in the PLO, could lead the PLO delegation to Damascus, Mr. Wazir was deported from Syria in June 1983 alongwith Mr. Arafat after the PLO chairman accused Syria of instigating and encouraging a rebellion in the ranks of Fateh

fighters based in north Lebanon. The sources who spoke to the Jordan Times on Tuesday said the Syrian proposal said that "if all factions endorsed the Tripoli document, everybody without exception would be welcome to Damascus," thus indicating that the Syrian leadership might be willing to reconsider its opposition to Mr. Arafat. However, Fatch sources said

the movement could not fully since it stipulated the declaration as null and void the 17th session 1984, a severence of all PLO contacts with Egypt and several other organisational reforms.

Palestinian factions here were divided on the Syrian proposal. Some of them viewed it as a welcome development but said any visit to Damascus by it should be taken up only after the PNC was convened as schednled.

tive as an effort at delaying the convening of the PNC.
Official Algerian sources told

the Jordan Times that Algerian Foreign Minister Ahmad Taleb Ibrahimi left Algiers for Damascus with a message from Algerian President Chadli Benjedid to President Assad. The message, said the sources, included an Algerian and Palestinian reiteration that the convening of the PNC as scheduled in Algiers was "by no means a challenge or confrontation with any Arah party or side."

The source's added that an official invitation had already been sent to President Assad along with Libyan leader Muamman Qadhafi, a key player in the ongoing efforts to reunify the endorse the Tripoli document PLO, to attend the opening session of the PNC.

The Palestinian sources who Tuesday said the Syrian proposal conveyed to Mr. Faboum also included an implicit warning to the Damascus-based Palestinian factions attending the Algiers talks. They said Syria had said that its stand towards these factions, whose leaders reportedly

(Continued on page 3)

tion of the accord was a condition

"As for what has been reported

Tindemans arrives in

Amman

By a Jordan Times Staff Writer with agency dispatches

AMMAN — Belgian Forcign Minister Leo Tindemans arrived here late Tuesday for talks expected to focus on effort towards convening an international conference on the Middle East under U.N. auspices to find a settlement to the Arab-Israeli conflict.

Mr. Tindemans, president of the European Community (EC) Council of Ministers, was met upon arrival by Foreign Minister Taher Al Masri and other senior

During his stay bere, Mr. Tindemans is scheduled to be received by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and other government leaders for talks on possible EC contribution to help Jordan's efforts for convening the proposed international conference with the participation of all the parties involved in the Arab-

Belgium's ambassador to Jordan, Mr. Guido Vansina, was quoted as saying by AP that Mr. Tindemans would try "to make more precise the elements which could lead to an international peace conference.

In Brussels, Belgian government sources quoted by Renter said Mr. Tindemans' talks in Jordan, Egypt and Saudi Arabia would focus on the obstacles to convening a conference as well as details of how it might be organised, its terms of reference and who would take part.

Mr. Tindemans has made the Middle East a focus of his sixmonth tenure as chairman of the EC Council of Ministers, which ends July 1, and oversaw a council meeting in February that endorsed the idea of an international peace conference on the Arab-Israeli conflict.

"It is high time for the EC to find out means for preserving the positive results realised in the wake of the EC's endorsement of the international conference." Mr. Tindemans was quoted as saying in an interview with the Kuwaiti newspaper Al Qabas. (Continued on page 3)

patrol the Beirut-Sidon highway on Sidon's northern outskirts. from the three checkpoints. The road links the southern pullout as a precondition for lift-The Syrian army, which has a provincial capital with Beirut. ing its military siege of Beirut's Shatilla and Bourj Al Barajneh 1976 peacekeeping mandate in Lebanon from the 2I-nation The Syrians immediately started to man checkpoints along Arab League, was last in the Sidon region in 1982. It pulled refugee camps. with Lebanese army soldiers who took control of the road from Amal men have maintained Druze and Amal militiamen on out when Israel invaded Lebanon positions ringing the two shanty-

The Syrian force is part of a 7,500-strong contingent dispatched to west Beirut on Feb. 22 to Amal's food blockade.

Arabia is apparently attempting to negotiate a ceasefire in the

Iran-Iraq war to coincide with the start of the fasting month of Ramadan on April 29, the Times

of London reported Tuesday.
The newspaper quoted uniden-

tified Iranian sources as saying

that "substantial progress has

been made" in secret talks be-

tween Iran and Saudi officials

representing Iraq. The sources

were quoted as saying that a

ceasefire would mark the start of

Neither the Saudis nor the Ira-

ois would confirm that talks are

It quoted the sources as saying

that a leading member of Iran's

supreme defence council, Dr.

Kamal Kharrazi, met in London

last month with Saudi Foreign

Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal

during King Fahd's state visit to

Both sides "appear ready to

make substantial concessions if

the Iranian interpretation of

It said a "face-saving formula"

was being negotiated to

accommodate Iranian leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's

insistence that there can be no

peace while Iraqi President Sad-

dam Hussein remains in power.

Avatoliah Khomeini on Tues-

ceasefire during Ramadan, saying war, he said.

day dismissed calls for a Gulf war tries for active moves to end the

progress so far proves correct,"

the newspaper said.

under way, the paper said.

peace talks.

Ramadan truce in Gulf;

Khomeini restates refusal

LONDON (Agencies) - Saudi they were aimed at helping the

highlands they captured from Amal last Nov. 24, officials at the Syrian command said. They declined to be named. Amal has been demanding that

towns, although some 900 Syrian paratroopers deployed at their main entrances last week to relax Saudis said seeking

Iragis.
The Tehran Radio report of his

statement, monitored by the Brit-

ish Broadcasting Corporation,

said that Iran would not end the

war until the ruling Iraq Baath

lowers have called upon us to

observe ceasefire during the holy

month of Ramadan... our nation

should beware of the tricks of the

big powers who batch a plot at

every opportunity," Ayatollah

Sheikh Khalifa Ibn Salman Al

Khalifa on Tuesday called on the

European Community (EC) to cooperate with Gulf Arab states

to end the Iran-Iraq war. The Bahrain-based Gulf News

Agency said the call was made

during Sheikh Khalifa's meeting

with EC ambassadors on the

occasion of the 30th anniversary

economic resources of the two

warring countries, but also

threatens the security, stability and prosperity of Gulf Arab

states in general and hinders

efforts to pursue their develop-

ment drive," Sheikh Khalifa said.

Cooperation Council (GCC) look

to their friends in the United

States, Europe and other coun-

Member states of the Gulf

"The war does not only drain

of the community.

Bahrain's Prime Minister

"Those who are America's fol-

Party was overthrown.

Arafat and Mugabe call for world talks

HARARE (R) - Prime Minister Robert Mugabe and Palestine Li-beration Organisation (PLO) chief Yasser Arafat on Tuesday called for a global conference on the Middle East.

In speeches at the opening of a two-day meeting on the Middle East attended by nine states of the Non-Aligned Movement in the Zimbabwean capital Harare, the two leaders said such a conference should be held under United Nations supervision and must involve all parties to the conflict "on an equal footing."

Mr. Mugabe, current chairman of the 10I-nation non-aligned group, referred to the plight of thousands of Palestinian refugees in Lebanon and said their situation was tragic and a challenge to all humanity.

"We cannot remain silent in the face of so much human suffering," he said.

The proposed international

conference on the Middle East should be preceded by a prepara-tory meeting by the U.N. Security Council to iron out issues such as which parties should attend the meeting, leaving the conference itself to deal with details, Mr. Mugabe urged.

"No such conference could stand any hope of success unless the Palestinian people, as represented by the PLO, are a fullyrecognised party," Mngabe said.
The Zimbabwean prime minister said all efforts by the

international community to resolve the Middle East problems would fail if Israel did not withdraw from occupied Arab lands, including Jerusalem, and the Palestinians were not granted self-determination. arrived here Mr. Arafat

earlier Tuesday.

Egypt: Jordan-PLO accord is vital for peace ported PLO decision, said to have been announced Monday by

meeting in Algiers.

CAIRO (Agencies) — Egyptian Foreign Minister Ahmad Esmat Abdul Megnid said Tuesday harmony between the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Jordan was an essential factor for peace in the region.

He was commenting on reports that PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat had abrogated the Feb. II. 1985, agreement with Jordan.

"Our position regarding the accord is known which is that rappr. hement, understanding and harmony between Jordan and the PLO is an essential and principal factor for political action in the region," Mr. Abdul Meguid told reporters. "That is why we see a need for

continuation of contacts between Palestinians," be added.

our Jordanian brothers and the

to comment directly on the re-

Answering reporters' ques-tions, Mr. Abdul Megnid refused

and published today, I would rather wait for the PNC meeting, as the PNC is the legislative power in the Palestinian move-

ment which approved the accord," Mr. Abdul Meguid said. Last week, Mr. Arafat's second in command, Khalil Al Wazir, said in a newspaper interview that Fatch, the PLO's largest faction,

the way for reunification of Palestinian factions.

President Hosni Mubarak, in

Mr. Arafat at a closed Palestinian an interview with the Saudi Ara-The meeting was a prelude to a conference of the Palestine hian newspaper published last Thursday, strongly warned the PLO against scrapping the agreement. He said such a move would National Council (PNC) scheduled to begin next Monday in Algiers. The preliminary meeting mean "blowing up everything and putting (Jordan) in a tight reportedly was aimed at reconciling differences among various Palestinian factions, and abroga-COTDET.

The Qatar weekly Al Ahd quoted Salah Khalaf, a top Arafat aide, as saying that the PLO would propose "an Arab accord in lieu of the Amman accord" at a pan-Arab summit conference ex-

pected to be held later this year. The new accord would be "an expansion" of the Amman accord and include "all the confrontation states qualified to participate at an international peace conference and comprise Syria, Egypt, Lebanon, Jordan and Palestine," Mr.

had renounced the accord to pave Khalaf told the magazine.

Shultz invites Gorbachev to U .S. summit MOSCOW (AP) - U.S. Secret-"This cannot be just a stroll," The dispute over 130 short-

ary of State George P. Shultz on Tuesday invited Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev to a Washington summit meeting, then launched into another series of arms control talks. Mr. Gorbachev, Mr. Shultz

and their advisers met for more than four hours Tuesday afternoon. In addition, Mr. Shultz and Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze added a late-night negotiating session to their sche-

U.S. officials declined to say what specifie issues would be tackled at the extra session, but arms control has dominated Mr. Shultz's talks.

Mr. Shultz gave Mr. Gorbachev a letter from President Ronald Reagan at the outset of their Kremlin meeting. The invitation came on the heels of a bitter public exchange of espionage accusations between the two superpowers.

Mr. Gorbachev was cool to Mr. Reagan's invitation.

Mr. Gorbachev said. "When 1 will be nearing retirement, then 1 may travel just for pleasure, but now I need business."

Mr. Gorbachev, 56, has steadfastly resisted earlier Reagan invitations, even though the two leaders decided at their 1985 meeting in Geneva to hold summits in both Washington and Moscow.

"Generally, without reason, I do not go anywhere, particularly America," Mr. Gorbachev told Mr. Shuitz.

Mr. Reagan and Mr. Gorbachev held an "interim" summit last October in Iceland and reached tentative understandings to reduce nuclear weapons. But those understandings later noundered on issues such as space weapons and short-range nuclear missiles in Europe.

Nuclear arms have dominated the Shultz agenda in Moscow. U.S. and Soviet arms experts have held separate meetings in an attempt to narrow differences.

range Soviet weapons has delayed an agreement to remove medium-range missiles from Europe. The espionage issue is more volatile. Mr. Shultz confronted

Mr. Shevardnadze at the start of his three-day visit Monday with charges that Soviet spies helped by U.S. Marine guards had access to sensitive files at the U.S.

Soviet officials claim there was extensive U.S. bugging of their diplomatic facilities in Washington and New York. U.S. officials say the Soviets have laced the new U.S. embassy in Moscow

with bugs.
As Mr. Gorbachev and Mr. Shultz shook hands under gilded chandeliers from the Czarist days. a reporter asked the Soviet leader if he would go to Washington

"This is precisely what we are going to discuss," he replied in Russian. "We must continue the discussion and then answer your

Libya continues air raids on lost positions in northern Chad

OUADI DOUM, Chad (R) — Routed in the sands of northern Chad, Libya has launched a series of air attacks against its lost desert stronghold in an attempt to erase the record of its humiliating defeat.

Libyan bombers, their power-ful engines muffled by the altitude, give little warning of their arrival, appearing suddenly over-head with their delta wings glinting in the central African sun-

The Soviet-built Sukhoi and MiG planes at first resemble gliders rather than planes of war as they soar with eerie silence over the vast, uninhabited desert that. surrounds Libya's former air base at Ouadi Doum, captured by Chad oo March 22.

But a series of loud thuds followed by great clouds of sand and rock break the uneasy calm as 500 kilogramme bombs crash into the barren ground.

Libya, despite its rout oo the ground, still controls the skies of northern Chad and has made bombing raids almost every day from its base at Maaten As Sarra in an attempt to destroy the masses of aircraft and equipment it left behind.

Chad has no combat air force and France bars its own aircraft statiooed in the south from flying beyond a defence perimeter that 10 open.

stops short of the desert region, known as "useless Chad" to former French colonisers.

When the first group of foreign reporters visited the area last week, pairs of Libyan bombers made three separate raids against the Ouadi Doum base, attacking in the morning and afternoon with clockwork regularity.

White tracers etched the sky as Chadian troops tried to hit the high-flying bombers, which rarely descend below 20,000 feet (6,000 metres) for fear of the Chadians' shoulder-heid SAM-7 and U.S.supplied "Red-Eye" anti-aircraft

Chadian soldiers have shot down two planes in the area in the past three weeks and proudly escorted foreign reporters to view the charred remnants of a Czeehoslovak-made L39 light

bomber downed on April 7. Its wreckage lies scattered for hundreds of metres around a blackened central crater, with mutilated portions of the Libyan pilot's body spread about a parachute that clearly never had time

dian fighters show little fear of along with radar guidance systhe bombers and only laughed when reporters asked that a tour of the runway be cut short after one bomb fell nearby, sending shrapnel and stones flying by. Because of their altitude, the

Libyan bombing raids lack precision but have left a series of craters around the 3,900-metre aluminium plate runway oo which captured aircraft and helicopters now stand collecting dust.

Seven Czechoslovak L-39 bombers and a Soviet-made MI-24 helicopter were parked intact along the air-strip between the burnt out shells of other abandoned aircraft.

At one end of the airstrip, reporters saw the remains of a second Soviet-built attack helicopter apparently destroyed by Libyan cluster bombs dropped by

'They have been beaten morally and physically so they are now trying to destroy what they left behind," said Chadian officer

Tchtchaoo Kosse. Under pressure from France which is eager to study the cap-tured equipment, Chadian forces have begun evacuatiog some of the weaponry.

Several batteries of SAM-6 missiles that ringed the desert

medical staff arrive in Cyprus Emboldened by such hits, Cha- compound have been transported

LARNACA, Cyprus (AP) — Pauline Cutting, a British doctor who survived a five-month siege of Beirut's Bourj Al Barajneh refugee camp, arrived in Cyprus with two members of her medical team Tuesday after being threatened by Shi'ite Muslim militiamen for helping the Palestinians.

Beirut camp

"We received messages that we would be cut up and were advised to leave," Cutting, 37, of north London, told reporters, as she left a ferry boat that brought her to Larnaca from Jounieh, a Falangist-held port oorth of

She arrived with nurse Susan Wighton, 28, of Glasgow, and Ben Alofs, a Dutch male ourse, who bad helped her treat hundreds of Palestinians wounded in

the camps fighting. Cutting, looking haggard and pale after her ordeal, said they had been escorted out of Bour Al Barajneh Monday by Syrian soldiers who moved into Beirut on Feb. 22 to end factional

"Getting to the airport road was the most scary bit," Ms.

Wighton said. She giggled and drew her hand across ber throat to show what she felt would have happened to the medical team if they had fallen into the hands of the Shi'ite

John Gray, Britain's ambassador to Lebanon, met the team on Beirut's Airport Highway which runs only a few hundred metres from the camp, and drove them across the city's dividing green line to the relative safety of the Christian sector.

"We were sad to leave our friends behind. If you've lived and worked to help people in a difficult time you feel sad to leave them. We're here safe, and

they're still there," Cutting said. Cutting said she had worked in the sprawling shantytown camp on Beirut's southern outskirts for 15 months

She said the most difficult time came recently "when we felt the camp was starting to collapse and that the Shi ites might come in and kill us all, but the Palestinians managed to hold on."

A total of 136 people were killed and 800 wounded during the time she and Ms. Wighton

spent in the camp, she added. The situation had improved over the last week after Syrian troops moved into the camp and lifted the siege, she added. "I'd like to go back after a rest," Cutting said.

Wighton said she'd like to return as well. The nurse added that she would like to spend a few days in Cyprus before going back to Britain.

"I feel more sad than relieved to be out of the camp," she said.
"The most touching moment was when many of our friends gathered around us as we were leaving the camp yesterday to say goodbye," she said.

Turkey formally applies to join EC

cil spokesman said.

member of the Community not

fully in Europe and not predomi-

nantly Christian. Most of the

country is in Asia and most Turks

But Turkey, a member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisa-

tion (NATO), has been linked to

the Community by an association agreement since 1963 and Tur-

kish officials have made clear that

Ankara regards it as its right to

Big trade and aid advantages as

well as closer political links could

spring from a successful applica-

Ozal has said he accepts mem-

bership will take a long time to

achieve but wants an early com-

ultimately block Ankara's ap-

plication unless the two countries'

bitter territorial disputes are set-

A final decision to enter formal

negotiations with Ankara would

require unanimous backing from

Diplomats here and in Ankara

say the application would pose a

dilemma for the EC, which would

want to assure Turkey that it was

Athens has made clear it will

ioin the Community.

mitment to it.

over 10 years.

mally applied Tuesday to join the European Community (EC), Turkey's minister of state in charge of relations with the Community said.

Ali Bozer said he had submitted his country's application to become the 13th member of the bloc at a meeting with Belgian Foreign Minister Leo Tindemans, who is current president of the Community's Council of Minis-

"This is an historic moment for my country," Mr. Bozer told reporters. He said he hoped the Community would agree soon to Turkey's entry.

Community officials say Turkey's application has been made in the face of fierce resistance by Greece and against the advice of other members who feel it is

This opposition and the lengthy bureaucratic process leading up to entry make it unlikely that Turkey will be able to join the

bloc this century, they say.

Mr. Bozer said at his meeting with Mr. Tindemans he had reaffirmed "the determination of my country to join the European Community and the determina-tion of the Turkish people to share in its destiny.

"We hope for an affirmative response in the near future," Mr. Tindemans, after meeting Mr. Bozer, said: "I shall m an objective and non-discriminatory manner follow the procedures of the Council (of Ministers)."

Diplomats interpreted this to mean that Turkey's application would be fairly considered in spite of deep reservations over the move within the Community. Mr. Tindemans said procedural moves to consider the application

would begin on April 27 when he presented Turkey's request to a session of EC foreign ministers in Luxembourg. After consultations with the Community's legal experts,

pose huge problems.

all member states.

tion to the EC's Executive Comthe Community's crisis-ridden famission, Mr. Tindemans said nances and complicate further in Only seven of the 12 ministers lumbering decision-making pro-cess, officials here noted. were needed to give their approval for Turkey's application to go

Several leading industrialised EC members have tried to dis Once the commission has suade Turkey from making the reached a decision, the applicalong-discussed formal application tion would go back to the Council until the Community has had for further study. The whole premore time to digest the accession paratory phase would take beof Spain and Portgual, the offitween three to four years, a coun-

cials said. Negotiations on the entry of. Some countries also want Ankara and the EC to implement the Spain and Portugal, who joined the Community in 1986, lasted 24-year-old association agreement fully before discussing Tur-Turkey would be the first

Other concerns about Turkish entry focus on the stability of Turkish democracy, reestablished four years ago after a 1980 military coup, concern about its human rights record and the perceived weakness of its economy.

Greece takes "wait and see stance

Greece took a "wait and see" stance Tuesday on Turkey's formal application to join the European Community and said it awasted the reaction of its EC part-

Greece bas blocked Ankara's entry to the EC for years, citing the presence of Turkish troops in Cyprus and what it calls the violation of human rights in Turkey, a Turkish regime incompatible with other EC member countries and unsatisfactory economic condi-

But when asked by reporters Tuesday for Greece's reaction to Turkey's formal application, government spokesman Yannis Roubatis said merely: "Greece awaits with great interest the reactions of other EC partners. It is an issue that pertains not only

valued as part of NATO but at Community officials in Brussels said Turkey's application was made not only in the face of resistance by Greece but against the advice of other members who feel it is premature.

Cyprus deadlock is bad news for Kyprianou ahead of polls

NICOSIA (R) — The refusal of Turkish Cypriots to talk to Greek Cypriots unless they accept a United Nations draft Cyprus accord they have already rejected is bad oews for President Spyros Kyprianou, politicians and diplo-

Mr. Kyprianou's political opponents, determined to thwart his bid for a third five-year term next February, are likely to gain from the continuing diplomatic "Presideot Kyprianou would

national issue during campaign year but, with the oppositioo snapping at his heels, I don't see him getting any leeway," a Western diplomat said. Turkish Cypriot leader Rauf Denktash has said be would agree to new Cyprus talks only if Greek

like some movement on the

Cypriots accepted a "draft framework agreement" for a federal republic issued a year ago as part of U.N. efforts to resolve the Cyprus problem.

The island has been virtually partitioned since Turkey occupied the northern third in 1974

following an abortive coup in Nicosia led by officers of the junta then ruling Greece.

Mr. Kyprianou has said the draft accord, for a power-sharing federal executive to reunite Cyprus, fails to address key issues the withdrawal of 23,000 Turkish troops, freedom of movement

and property ownership, and in-

Foreign Minister George Iacovon has said the draft was extinct. "If it exists it is oull and void, and in any case it was still-born from

the start," he told reporters. Better news for Mr. Kyprianou is the fact that opposition parties in the Greek Cypriot sector of the island have failed to agree to a common candidate to take him on at the polls.

The right-wing Rally Party has backed leader Glafcos Clerides as a candidate and the Edek Socialists will run their leader, Parliament President Vassos Lyssar-

Mr. Clerides said this week he would be prepared to back an independent candidate who, if he won the election, would form an all-party national unity govern-ment committed to solving the

Cyprus problem. The Akel Communist Party, which like Kally come third of electoral support, has yet to show its hand but is actively seeking a non-party candidate who would appeal to non-Communist voters.

Akel wants revenge for Mr. Kyprianou's scrapping an electorpact with the party after it helped him to a decisive victory in 1983, political observers say. Mr. Kyprianou's ruling centre-

right Democratic Party has some per cent support in the

U.S. to take new look at Iranian opposition group

WASHINGTON (AP) — A State Department official said Monday it will revise official U.S. overnment statements about an Iranian opposition group but foresees no change in policy towards the organisation that has been accused of terrorism.

The department has long steered clear of the People's Mujahedeen organisation of Iran, even though two House of Representatives members say the United States should at least talk with the group as part of a strategy of reaching ont to Ira-nians opposed to Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini.

"We're going to issue a new statement" on the Mujahedeen, said a department official, who spoke on condition he not be

The purpose of the statement, which was yet to be written in final form, is to add muances, he d. adding: "There is no ch in our view of the Mujahedeen support for the resistance moveanticipated."

Earlier in the month; the State Department reiterated its 1985 position that mere opposition to Khomeini "is no reason for us to support a group which has engaged in terrorist actions for

everal years." But Republican Representative Dan Burton said he had not "found anything that would pre-clude talking" to the Mujahe-deen, which supported the hold-

U.S. embassy in Tehran in 1979. Mr. Burton, a staunch anti-Communist, said that while the Mujahedeen may not be pro-American, he has no evidence that the Muslim group is pro-Soviet. Washington ought to be in touch with people trying to rid Iran of Khomeini, he said.

Mr. Burton's ally in Congress is

tems to a more secure Franco-

Chadian base at Kalait, some 280

kilometres south east of Ouadi

While concentrating most of

their fire power on the Quadi

Doum compound, Libyan bom-

bers have also carried out a series

of raids on other captured posi-

Soon after Libyan troops pul-

led out of the key northern oasis

of Faya-Largean after the Ouadi Doum debade, Libyan bombers

launched several raids against the

Reporters who visited the

oasis, the largest town in north-

ern Chad and captured by the

government on March 27, saw that a group of mud-built houses

near the airstrip that had been

completely destroyed by Libyan

Levelled by the force of the

blast, the area now lies littered in

rubble, though like much of Faya

it appears to have been uninha-

Sporadic and largely inaccurate

attacks have also been reported

against the north eastern oasis

town of Fada, which fell to gov-

ernment troops on Jan. 2 after

their first major victory in a drive

to oust Libyan forces.

Democratic Representative Mervyn Dymaily, who has comined that the State Department's strong statements against the Mujahedeen may have been related to the secret sale of U.S. weapons to the Khomeini regime.

In a March 12 letter to Richard Murphy, an assistant secretary of state, Mr. Dymally said the State Department "appears to have been motivated by operatives of the NSC (National Security Council) to embark on a programme to discredit the efforts of a substantial number of members

Mr. Dymally's letter was prompted by an item in the presidentially appointed Tower Commission's report on the secret sale of weapons to Iran and the possi-ble funnelling of money to the Nicaraguan rebels known as con-

The Tower report contained a letter purportedly written by Manucher Ghorbanifar, an Iranian middleman in the weapons ing of American hostages at the deal, to a contact in Iran.

ministers would then decide The entry of another relatively poor Mediterranean country whether to forward the applica-

TEL AVIV (AP) - Leading Israeli officials have met in Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's office to discuss allegations of high-level corruption in the state security field, Israel Radio reported.

The details of the alleged cor-ruption are still secret. The suppublication of the details of the affair, the Daily Yediot Ahronot reported.

The officials, including representatives of the Defence and Justice ministries, decided to initiate legal proceedings and to ask the government to present its position in the affair, the radio and the Israeli News Agency

A Shamir spokesman told the Associated Press he knew no-

lator from the leftist Shinui Party, told the AP he appealed to Shamir and Justice Minister Avrainto the affair.

Virshubsky said he discovered

more specific, citing military censorship. He alleged that Attorney General Yosef Harish was under pressure to close the case by plocking a legal inquiry into it. "I appealed to whom I had to

appeal, and I hope they will act," Virshubsky told the AP, declining to elaborate. Chaika Grossman from the

left-wing Mapam Party also appealed to Shamir, saying there should be no "cover-up of actions which should not have been carried out," the English-language daily Jerusalem Post reported. The daily Hadashot reported

Sunday the attorney general's office "received material showing that in a trial held in the north, illegal acts of falsifying evidence were committed." Justice Ministry spokeswoman

Dvora Ganani refused to comment on the reports. "This is a security issue and we are not commenting," a secretary said in her name.

volved "a highly sensitive securfabrication of evidence in a court ity issue," and identified its cen-

tral figure as a man whose name 'was connected to another affair that shook the Israeli public."

igned from his post several months ago and was promoted to a senior position at a state-owned company.

security service.

Ginossar, 41, was one of 11 members of the Shin Bet, includ-

Shin Bet agents beat two Palestinian hijackers to death in April 1984 and allegedly falsified : evidence and lied about their role

Koteret Rashit reported that Ginossar "ran a campaign of fabricating and altering evidence in this affair."

Part.

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TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROC	RAMME ONE
15:30	Koran
15:50	Programme review
16:00	Cartoons (Flinstone)
16:25	Children's programme
17:10	Walt Disney
17:35	The Researchers
18:00	Agriculture in Saudi Arabia
18:15	Arabic series
	Local programme
	News in Arabic
	Message from Cairo
	Arab series
	Local programme
22:35	Arab series
	News in Arabic
23-05	Series Contd.

. News in Hebrew Varieties News in Arabic . Three's a Crowd

RADIO JORDAN

"Leispir secret"

News in French
..... Aujourd hui en Jordanie

PROGRAMME TWO

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855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM
& partly on 9560 KHz, SW
& partly on 9560 KHz, SW Tel: 774111-19
202 774717-17
97:00 Light Music
or to
07:30 Newsdesi
68:90 Morning Show
10:00 News Summary
10:05 Morning Show Courd
11:00 Men from the Ministry 11:30 Songs from Movies
11:30 Songs from Movie
12-00 News Summary
12:85 Reading
To Coming
12:30 Pop Session
13:00 News Summary
13:00 News Summary 13:05 Pop Session
14:00 News Bulletin
14-10 Instrumentak
14:30 Follow the Wind
15:00 Concert Hou
15700
16:00 News in Summary
16:05
16:30 Old Favourites
17:00 Jordan Weekly
17-30 Pop Session
17:30
18:95 Rock Profile
18:39 Musik
18:39

... Evening Show News Summery 20:00 ning Show Cound. News Summer Evening Show Continued

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1323 KHz

07:00 Newsdesk 07:30 Island People 07:40 Book Choice 07:45 Reflections 07:59 Financial News 08:00 World News 08:09 24 Hours: News Sugmary 08:30 Report on Religion 06:45 The World Today 09:00 Newsdesk 09:30 Meridian 10:00 World News 10:09 24 Hanne News Server 16:30 Versley Hours: News Summary 10:30 Develop-ment '87 11:00 World News 11:09 Reflections 11:15 Classical Record Re-Reliections 11:15 Classical Record Review 11:30 It Makes Me Laugh 12:40 World News 12:09 Aritish Press Review 12:15 The World Today 12:38 Financial News; Look Ahead 12:45 Cantabile 13:40 News Summary; Omnibus 13:30 My World 14:00 World News 14:09 News About Aritish 14:15 Island People 14:26 A Letter from Island People 14:25 A Letter from Wales 14:30 Meridian 15:00 Radio Wales 14:30 Mendian 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Masterpiece in Minia-nure 15:25 The Farming World 15:45 Sports Round-up 16:00 World News 16:09:24 Hours: News Summary 16:30 Development '87 17:00 News Sum-mary; Outlook 17:45 Report on Reli-gion 18:00 Radio Newsreel 18:15 At Home With... 18:30 Vintage Comedy 19:00 World News 19:00 Communication 19:40 World News 19:09 Commentary 19:15 Counterpoint 19:45 The World Today 20:00 World News

VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740, 11925 and 15210 Hz

96:00 News 96:10 Newsline 96:30 VOA 96:00 News 96:10 Newsline 96:30 VOA Morning 97:00 News 97:10 Newsline 97:30 VOA Morning 98:00 News 98:10 Newsline 68:30 VOA Morning 99:00 News 99:10 Newsline 99:30 VOA Morning 18:00 News 18:10 Newsline 18:30 Music USA 19:00 News 19:10 Focus 19:30 Special English News & Features 20:00 News 20:10 Newsline 28:30 Masszine Show 21:40 Newsline 28:30 Magazine Show 21:00 News 21:10 Focus 21:30 Special English News & Features 22:00 News 22:10 Newsline America 22:30 Music USA Jazz 23:00 News & Editorial 23:15 Music USA Jazz 24:00 News 00:10

TODAY'S EVENTS

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS

Art exhibition by Jordanian artist Carol Younsi, at Alia Art Gallery runs through April 16.

An art exhibition by Mohammad Quitouqah, at the Spanish Cultural Centre, Amman (until April 18).

* An art exhibition by Dutch artist Huge de Reede at the Petra Art Gallery.

 Ceramics exhibition by Jim Mason at the Aritish Council (until April 16). An art exhibition entitled Byzz and Omayyads during the early begin-ning of Islam: Khirbet Es Samra and El Fedein at the French Cultural Centre

(until April 23) FILM

"Dic delegation" at 8:00 p.m. at the Goethe Institute. **CULTURAL CENTRES**

Royal Cultural Centre ., Tel. 6610267 American Centre 644371	
American Centre 644371	
American Centre Library 641520	
2 ritish Council 636147/8	
French Cultural Centre 637009	
Goethe Institute 641993	
Soviet Cultural Centre 644203	
Soviet Cultural Cente 044205	
Spanish Cultural Centre 624049	
Turkish Cultural Centre 639777	
Hava Arts Centre 665105	
Hussein Youth City 667181/6	
Y.W.C.A641793	
Y.W.M.A 664251	

Amman Municipal Library 637111 Univ. of Jordan Library 843555 MUSEUMS

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum." Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the tlaya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00" a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday.

Felklera Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaies from Madelse and Lersah (Alt to 19). from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Am-

man. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

an excellent collection or the anu-quiries of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.).

holidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tucsdays. Jordan National Gollery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculptures by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Maslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.00 p.m.-6.00 p.m. Closed Tucsdays. Tel. 630128.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lious Amutan Club, Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Holifirst and third Wednesday at the Holi-day Imn, 1:30 p.m.

Lions Philindelphia Club. Meetings ev-ery second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m.

Philindelphia Retary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1:30 p.m. Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 Royal Automobile Clab. Jabal Amman, Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534,

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Ammaciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. 637440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757. Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic), James Luwertonen, mass in Italian Impuage, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622366 Church of the Autopaciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541.

Aughein Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 678906.

Armenian Cathalic Church Asharifal an Catholic Church Ashrafieh Tel. 771331.

Brangelical Lutherau Church Jabel Amman, 6th Circle, (Rev. N. Smir), Tel. 811295.

CHURCHES

Vienna, New York (R) 13-00 14:30 iam Orthodox Church Ashra-Armenian Orthodox Church Ashra-fieh, Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Ortho-dox) Ashrafieh, Tel. 771751. Amman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel.

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal lordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 33200-5, where it should always be verified.

Acces
10:20 Cairo (RJ)
10:30 Damascur (RJ)
11:00 Kuwait (RJ)
11:00 Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ)
18:20 Cairo (RJ)
18:50 New York, Amsterdam (R.)
19:05 Los Angeles, Chicago, Vienna RI
19:35 London, Geneva (RJ)
19:45 Bangkok RJ
28:15 Madrid, Belgrade RJ
01:00 Baghdad (R.I)
OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

50:43	Karachi L.
11:35	Cairo (M5)
12:00	Saca's (TY)
	Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF)
14:35	Kuwait Ku
14:45	Tripoli (LN)
16-00	Jeddah, Medina (SV)
16-70	Damascus (TY)
17:30	Baghdad [1/4]
17:45	Athens, Damascus (IA)
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FOR THE TRAVELLER

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

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THE TOTAL AUSTRALIA	
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	Frankfurt (LH)			
	Tripoli (PK)			
00:4 5	London, Cairo (IA)			
DEPARTURES				

ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS

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09:25 10:35 13:00 13:20 15-3

20:29 ..

MONEY EXCHANGE		
Toesday rates		
Local sell/buy	rates i	n fils
Belgian franc	. 88.5/	89.5
Dutch guilder	162.5/	164.4
French franc	. 55.1V	55.7
Italian lira	. 25.7/	26
Japanese yen (for 100)		235.1
Swedish crown	52.5/	53.1
Swiss franc	201 1/	223.8
JWB9 Majik	E20 6/	
U.K. sterling pound	330.0	224.1
U.S. dollar		334.3 195 5
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WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

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Japanese yen (for 100)	232.5/	235.1
Swedish crown	. 52.5/	53.1
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HOSPITALS				
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Akileh Maternity, J. Amn 64244 Jabal Amman Maternity 642 Malhas, J. Amman	362			
Palestine, Shmeisani	1/4 31			
University Hospital 8458 Al-Mussher Hospital 66722 The Islamic, Abdali 666127	7/9 /37			
Al-Ahli, Abdali	46 1/3			
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafjeh 775111 Army, Marka	/15			

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GENERAL	247	
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MARKET PRICES

kish entry into the bloc.

ners with interest.

Turkish Prime Minister Turgut

to Greece."

the same time make clear that Community membership would

Israeli leaders discuss security corruption hearing, but he declined to be

reme court imposed a ban on

ITIM said.

thing of the meeting. Mordechai Virshubsky, a legis-

bam Sbarir to prevent any attempt to block a legal inquiry

Hadashot said the affair in-

The newspaper said the man implicated in the affair bad res-

Most Israeli newspaper reports on the alleged corruption mentioned an article published last week by Koteret Rashit weekly about Yossi Ginossar, a former senior agent in the Shin Bet

ing former head Avraham Shalom, who were pardoned by President Chaim Herzog for their role in a scandal that dominated the headlines last year.

in subsequent investigations.

Jordan and Middle East calls

Salam Pharmacy

Neironkh Pharmacy ... Saheb pharmacy ... Khalaf pharmacy ...

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

EMERGENCIES Radio Jordan Ministry of Tourism Hotel complaints Price complaints 666412 Amman Civil Defence 198, 199 Civil Defence Irbid 271293, 273131

661111 **NIGHT DUTY** aters 622090-3

Dr. Yousef Smeirat ter complaints 771125/8 ntl. Airport (08)53330/60

Al Ferdows pharmacy	845376 787336
TAXIS: Noci taxi	644420
Talal taxi	640031
Faisal taxi Rashid taxi	627051
IRBID: Dr. Amin Aba Fideb	741460
Wardeh pharmacy	(—)
SALT: Dr. Abdul Rahim Hadidi	(→)

Arab, foreign psychiatrists discuss latest advances in mental health care

By a Jordan Times

AMMAN - Prominent Arab and foreign psychiatrists gathered here on Tuesday to discuss wide ranging issues related to their specialisations including the latest advances in biological and child psychiatry, drug dependence and psychotherapy.

The three-day pan-Arab congress, which was inaugurated by Her Majesty Queen Noor, will discuss a total of 100 working papers in a bid to highlight the latest developments in this field.

More than 200 doctors and educationalists from 18 Arab countries and foreign countries and organisations crowded the main auditorium of the Royal Cultural Centre to attend the opening ceremony of the long-awaited conference. The last congress was held in Cairo in 1979. Political circumstances resulting from the signing of the Egyptian-Israeli Camp David peace accord led to an eight-year delay in ीआ जंदधं convening the third pan-Arab assembly on psychiatry.

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The assembly is organised by the Jordan Association of Psychiatrists (JAP), the Arab Federation of Psychiatrists (AFP) and the World Psychiatrie Association (WPA).

In his keynote address to the opening ceremony, Health Minister Zaid Hamzeh paid tribute to Queen Noor's keen interest in and constant support for upgrading the situation of integrated psychiatric care in Jordan and to improve the conditions of all medical and administrative manpower working in the field.

One week-ago, Queen Noor inaugurated Jordan's first-ever comprehensive National Centre for Mental Health (NCMH), marking a new stage of development in the area of treatment. care and rebabilitation offered to psychiatric and mentally-ill patients in the Kingdom. The NCMH includes Jordan's first detoxification ward for the treatment and rehabilitation of drug addicts and alcoholics.

'Her Majesty's presence today is a manifestation of her sincere appreciation for all workers in the field of psychiatry and for all efforts exerted to improve psychiatric care given to the citizens of Jordan," said Dr.

Referring to his ministry's efforts, over the past year and its



Her Majesty Queen Noor on Tuesday attends the opening session of a pan-Arab conference on psychiatry (Petra photo)

ric health care, Dr. Hamzeh said that 12 psychiatric clinics have been opened throughout Jordan in addition to the NCMH. The minister, who chairs the National Committee for Psychiatric Health determine the policy of psychiat-ric health care in Jordan, expressed hope that the third congress would further consolidate the participant countries' march in extending more psychiatric health

care to citizens. Chairman of the congress Adnan Al Takriti presented Her Majesty the conference shield in appreciation for her patronage of the three-day event. In his speech, Dr. Takriti, who is also president of JAP, said the assembly would strengthen international cooperation in psychiatry among all concerned bodies.

The JPA president also bailed the steadfastness of the Palestinian psychiatrists living and working in the Israeli-occupied West Bank.

Secretary general of the AFP Mahmoud Abdul Gawad also spoke during the opening ceremony. He expressed hope that the AFP would be able to compensate for the eight-year stale-mate in its activities in order to npgrade and develop the situation of psychiatric health care in the Arab World in terms of research, treatment and preven-

Seminars on the sidelines

In addition to the conference's main working sessions, three

progress in the arena of psychiat- the Arab states and medical treatments in this field will be held along the sidelines of the

The congress' first plenary session held at the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel discussed four Care (NCPHC), set up in 1985 to working papers related to the Arab contribution to psychological medicine, psychiatry in Jordan; past and present, psychopathology in the general population; A field survey and the changing nature of neurotic disorders. The four working papers were submitted by Professor Ali Kamal from Iraq, Dr. Mohammad Said Kamal from Jordan, Prof. Kosta Stefanis from Greece and Prof. Russell from England.

The second session on Tuesday tackled seven working papers related to the science of substance abuse in Kuwait: a 25 years review, addicted mothers and babies, the electro-stimulation addiction rehabilitation programme and its adaptations in Islamic culture, a psychological study of male cigarette smokers, carbamazepine in effective disorders. and recent advances in the treatment of opium addiction.

Later in the day, the participants heard working papers under the theme "biological psychiatry," The papers touched on the treatment of obsessive compulsive patients as well as highlighting the specific agonism on dopamine autoreceptors. Another paper discussed biological parametres in aggression.

A symposium on the sidelines of Tnesday's session was dedi-cated to discussing depression and active life. Professors from seminars on Islam and psychiatric Jordan, Egypt, France, Morocco health, psychiatric bealth care in and Spain acted as panelists.

Ministry reviews plans for communications services

Communications Muhieddin Al Husseini Tuesday chaired a meeting to discuss the ministry's projects included in the current fivevear national development plan. At the outset of the meeting the minister stressed the need for including remote regions of Jordan in the national postal, telegraphic and telephone services in accordance with a given prog-

During the meeting, which was attended by the ministry's under secretary Mansour Ibn Tarif, directors of communications departments and other senior ministry officials, a general review of the post offices which will be opened in 1987 was made.

The ministry's director of planning submitted a working paper sessions on the

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of have impeded opening some of the new centres and post offices and he also submitted proposals for overcoming such problems.

Another report on the fast mail delivery system and the contacts for including more countries in the service was also reviewed at the meeting. To date, Jordan is linked with 20 Arab and fnreign countries in the fast mail delivery system which was initiated last year. Directors of ministry departments submitted reports on the work of each section and proposals about training courses and seminars on postal affairs.

The meeting, which was attended by members of the ministry's higher planning com-mittee, decided to hold other sessions on the first Tuesday of

Jaber back from UNCHS conference in Nairobi

the Environment Yousef Hamdan Al Jaber has returned to Amman from Nairobi, Kenya, where be beaded Jordan's delega-tion to the 10th meeting of the United Nations Commission on Human Settlements (UNCHS) which opened on April 6.

In a statement upon his return, the minister said that the meetings were particularly important as they were held on the 10th anniversary of the UNCHS and because the delegations discussed pressing issues pertaining to shelter for the homeless.

An address he made on behalf of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan to the conference was regarded as one of the conference's documents and drew support from all delegations, the minister continued. The conference received several resolutions related to the occupied Arab territories and the danger posed to Arah citizens under Israeli rule in view of Israel's continued arbitrary actions and the building of Jewish settlements on Arab

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of lands, and delegations called for Municipal and Rural Affairs and extending belp to the people of extending belp to the people of the occupied Arab lands through Tordan, the minister noted

He sid that the Jordanian-sponsored economic and social programme for the occupied territories was supported by various delegations.

Mr. Jaber outlined Israel's measures against the Arab popula-tion in the West Bank to the conference and said that nearly 2,738,000 dunums of Arab-owned land bad been seized by the Israelis since 1967. He also pointed out that the Israelis have built 195 colonies and have been depriving the Arabs from proper land for building their own bomes. The minister also outlined Jordan's bousing programmes to the delegates.

During his stay in Kenya the minister held side meetings with heads of delegations from Arab and foreign countries to discuss bousing sector issues. He also met Kenyan officials to discuss questions of common concern to Jordan and Kenya,

Over the years, the govern-ment of Jordan have been concerned with providing essential services, including education, to all sectors of the public without any differentiation but this democratic process bas not been able to improve the quality of education because the concern was largely on quantity rather than quality, Prince Hassan pointed out. Now, however, the government is directing its attention towards developing quality which holds the most beneficial results for the community, Prince Hassan added.

In order to involve the widest possible base in educational development, Prince Hassan continued, there should be complete and real interaction b factors involved in educating children, and for this reason the

Hassan, the Regent, announced Tuesday. workshop teams have been

Regent visits Mafraq to involve

local teachers in nationwide

drive to improve education

MAFRAQ (Petra) - Workshop teams grouping

educationalists and teachers have been formed in

every governorate to discuss educational problems

and means of promoting the educational process in

the Kingdom, His Royal Highness Crown Prince

He said that the work done by

the aspired goals.

Nasereddin Al Assad.

the country.

cess in Jordan.

with education in the formation

The process of rationalising in-

vestment in education requires all

of us to pinpoint our priorities

and provide means and elements

which could belp direct students

towards careers so that any in-

vestment can yield fruit, Prince

Hassan pointed out. He said that

for this process to be successful,

suitable school buildings should

replace those which run two shift

sessions since the present system

places a real burden on those

involved in the educational pro-

Emphasis on quality

these teams will pave the way for a general conference to be held Honouring teachers in the soon to conduct a full discussion primary stage in schools is a must of the education policy in the because such an act would reflect country and to formulate recomthe country's appreciation for teachers' great efforts and would mendations on the curricula and school textbooks as well as the also encourage teachers to contrifacilities which could help achieve bute even more to the comprehensive development of children Prince Hassan was addressing a and not to remain mere tools of meeting of educationalists, imparting knowledge in the clasteachers and heads of education sroom. Prince Hassan said.

Teachers' allowances

departments at Mafraq in the presence of Minister of Educa-tion Thougan Hindawi and He went on to say that teachers Minister of Higher Education of the elementary stage should receive allowances which could He said that the aim of these meetings is to involve the widest serve as incentives for the teachers to handle their role in possible base of those concerned the best possible manner.

A general discussion followed of a new educational strategy for Prince Hassan's speech during which several proposals were submitted about the use of educational aids, increasing health services at schools and improving the schools' general environment.

> Faculty of Education Sciences at university

Dr. Assad announced that a

University of Jordan and that this Faculty of Educational Sciences is designed to train teachers on

modern methods of teaching.

Dr. Assad said that the Ministry of Higher Education plans to employ educational and technical aids in all schools and added that a special study has prepared recommendations that the use of such techniques be increased. The study also suggested increasing the number of physicians 10 offer medical services at schools and another study is being conducted on means of involving students in useful summer programmes, the minister continued.

Prince Hassan started his tour hy visiting a number of schools in Mafrag where he inspected classrooms and was briefed on the educational process and the extra curricula activities carried out in

During the tour Prince Hassan opened an exhibition of educational aids at the Mafrag preparatory school for boys.

Prince Hassan also visited the governor's house in Mafraq where he held a meeting to review the school huilding situation in Mafraq Governorate and the need for schools in different towns in the region.

Prince Hassan was accompanied by the ministers of education and higher education and senior officials at the two ministries.



His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, on Tuesday addresses a meeting of education officials in Mafraq (Petra photo)

NEWS IN BRIEF

Prince Abdullah to patronise Yarmouk event

IRBID (Petra) — His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein will patronise the festivities to be held at Yarmouk University to mark the Battle of Yarmouk which was a turning point for the Islamic era.

Cabinet forms new board for ARC

AMMAN (Petra) - The Cabinet Tuesday decided to form a new board of directors for the Aqaba Railway Corporation (ARC) p of the minister of transport. Members of the board will include the corporation's director general as well as representatives from the Ministries of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs, Transport, Finance, Planning and the Jordan Phosphates Mines Company (JPMC). Two members will represent the private

Muasher reviews plan for investment seminar :

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Industry and Trade Rajai Muasher Tuesday chaired a meeting of a committee in charge of drawing up an orientation programme to be implemented in Kuwait on April 25 for promoting the investments in Jordan. During the meeting discussion covered projects in industry and tourism to be covered in the orientation programme. The meeting was attended by the ministry's under secretary Mohammad Al Saqqaf and other senior officials.

Holland donates \$468,000 to UNRWA

AMMAN (Petra) — The Dutch government has made a donation of \$468,000 to the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA), thus raising its 1987 contribution to nearly \$3 million, according to an UNRWA spokesman. The spokesman said that last year Holland made a special contribution of \$669,000 to help implement health and education projects for Palestine refugees in addition to its annual contribution of \$2 million.

Oman, Jordan discuss admin systems

AMMAN (Petra) - Mr. Sa'duddin Jumaa, secretary general of the prime minister's office, Tuesday met with Mr. Mohammad Ibn Naser Alawi, head of the legislation hurean at the prime minister's office in Oman. During the meeting they discussed the Jordanian system of enacting laws and regulations.

Children to stage musical

AMMAN (J.T.) — Twenty five children and several professional actors will feature in a musical play, "The Green Path" which is expected to be staged Saturday under the patronage of Her Majesty Queen Noor. The play, which will run for two weeks, tackles several contemporary bumanitarian issues through dances, songs and cultural dialogue. The play comes within the framework of a theatrical programme recently adopted by the Noor Al Hussein Foundation with the aim of tapping theatre as a cultural and educational medium for children.

Children leave for festival in Turkey

AMMAN (Petra) - A delegation of 21 children aged 12 to 14 years left for Turkey on Tuesday to take part in an international children's festival due to be held on Thursday. The delegation is led by Mr. Mohammad Qutaish, head of the public relations department at the Ministry of Education. The 21-member group will present folklore performances which include songs and national dances.

NRA to take part in mining conference

AMMAN (Petra) — The Natural Resources Authority (NRA) will take part in a world mining conference to be beld in Sweden towards the end of May. Mr. Qasem Al Omari from the NRA's geology and mining department will represent the authority at the five-day conference.

CBJ governor talks in Rabat

AMMAN (Petra) — The governor of the Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ), Mr. Hussein Al Qasem Tuesday left for Rabat to represent Jordan in the meetings of the Arab Monetary Fund (AMF) and the Inter-Arab Investment Guarantee Corporation, due to begin on Wednesday.

In a pre-departure statement Mr. Qasem said that the AMF will discuss an annual report and a general final accounts statement for 1986 as well as electing a new president for the fund for the coming five years. In addition, the delegates will discuss an amendment to the statutes of the fund and an increase in the fund's capital, Mr. Qasem added.

The meeting of the Inter-Arab Investment Guarantee Corporation will discuss a report by its general director on last year's activities and further expansion of the corporation's programmes.
On Monday Minister of Plan-

ning Taher Kanaan left for Morocco to take part in the 16th annual meeting of the council of governors of the Arab Fund for Economic and Social Development (AFESD) which is due to open on April 16.

in a pre-departure statement, Dr. Kanaan said the AFESD has since 1974 granted Jordan loans totalling 60.7 million Kuwait Dinars and that these loans financed a number of development projects in the Kingdom, especially in the fields of energy, transport, communications, agriculture, industry and mining. Last year, AFESD granted Jor-

dan 5.5 million Kuwait Dinars in the form of two loans to help finance the Al Zarab-Ghor Haditha road and 2.5 million Kuwait Dinars to develop the Hammad Basin area near the Syrian, Iraqi and Sandi borders. Dr. Kanaan said.

The two-day meeting will discuss a report on the fund's performance in 1986 and a general budget for 1987.

S. Korean parliamentarian leaves for Arab | expresses support for Monetary Fund occupied territories plan

a visiting South Korean par-liamentary delegation, Mr. Jung the rights of the Palestinian peo-ple and the people of the region Chul Kwak, Tuesday promised to convey to his government details tinued. The House speaker also and objectives of a Jordanian- spoke about the developments in sponsored plan for stimulating the Middle East since 1948 and the social and economic sectors of the Israeli-held Arah territories. well as Israel's invasion of Leba-

He said that this plan is clearly intended to ease the sufferings of country to support this humanita- tion. nan project. Mr. Kwak said that during his

visit to Jordan and his talks with Jordanian officials, both sides expressed their great interest in promoting South Korean-Jordanian cooperation in all fields. Mr. Kwak said that the visit also allowed him and his delegation to tour Palestinian refugee camps where, he said, be realised the real dimension of the Palestinian tragedy and also Jordan's role in helping the displaced people and refugees now living in the East Bank of Jordan.

Mr. Kwak said his delegation have been familiarising themselves with parliamentary life in Jordan and that they admired the prosperity the country has achieved.

Mr. Kwak was speaking during a meeting with Mr. Ahmad Al Lawzi, speaker of the Upper House of Parliament, in the presence of House members and the South Korean delegation. For his part. Mr. Lawzi said that Jordan believes that the international community should play a major role in helping to establish a durable peace in the Middle East region. Israel, he said, was established by a United Nations resolutions in 1948 and it is the same world organisation which issued Resolutions 242 and 338 calling for a withdrawal of all Israeli forces from Arab territory.

Jordan has been demanding the implementation of the two resolutions (in the establishment

AMMAN (Petra) - The head of of peace which could guarantee to live in peace, Mr. Lawzi con-Israel's expansionist policies as non in 1982. The Palestine question is the core of the Middle East the Palestinian people in the conflict and if this problem is not occupied West Bank and the solved the whole area will con-Gaza Strip and added that he would do his best to persuade his more unrest, be told the delega-

Gulf war

Referring to the Gulf war, Mr. Lawzi said that it constitutes a real danger to the whole area and he said that the Iranian aggression on Iraq is directly connected to Israel's occupation of Arah lands and its continued aggression on Arah countries.

Mr. Lawzi praised existing Jordanian-South Korean relations and expressed bope that they would witness further development through the implementation of joint projects.

Mr. Lawzi also called on the South Korean people to express support and backing for just Arab causes.

Several House members spoke at the meeting and reviewed developments in the Middle East. They also urged the South Korean government to extend moral and material support to Jordan to enable the Kingdom to extend assistance to the people of the

occupied Arab territories. Mr. Kawk and his delegation were later received by Mr. Rizk Al Bataineh, the deputy speaker of the Lower House of Parliament, with whom they discussed Middle East issues.

Mr. Bataineh expressed hope that South Korean parliamentarians would support Jordan's endeavours for convening an international peace conference on the Middle East question.

Have you seen this man?

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Security Department (PSD) has called on all citizens to assist the forces in giving any possible information on outlaw Mobammad Tawfiq Abdul Rahman Abu Al Asha'er, 42, who escaped from an Amman court while giving his testimony there. The outlaw, who was born in

Ruseifeh, currently lives in Jabal Al Abiad. He has a dark tanned complexion and thick moustaches is heavily built and 180 cen-

The Public Security Department urged the outlaw to surrender. It also called on all those who may bave any information



on his whereabonts to contact the nearest police station. Those who conceal information about his whereabouts will be prosecuted. the department said.

ment at a closed meeting on

Democratic Front for the Libera-

tion of Palestine (DFLP) -

another Damascus-based faction

- also addressed Tnesday's

meeting. Mr. Hawatmeh. who

has been playing a leading role in efforts for ending the differences between Fateb and the PFLP,

also indicated that Dr. Habash

was showing new flexibility after Mr. Arafat's announcement.

Reliable sources said Mr.

Hawatmeb and Suleiman Najjab,

leader of the Palestinian Com-

munist Party, was working on towards arriving at a formula which would satisfy both Fatch

and the PFLP concerning the

PLO's relations with Egypt and

clearly define political and orga-

nisational constraints on the PLO

leadership against any contact

with Cairo that would violate the

PLO position on the hasis for a

peaceful settlement of the Palesti-

man problem and the PLO's right

to armed resistance against

and the cordial atmosphere at the

meetings bere, it appeared on

Tuesday that the ultimate goal of

convening the PNC was not ex-

actly achieved. While some

observers believed that the PFLP

had indeed indicated its commit-

ment to attending the council

session, some others believed

that the controversy over the

PLO's relations with Egypt could

prove to be a time-bomb that

could undermine all efforts to-

wards holding the PNC as and

Despite the optimistic signs

Nayef Hawatmeh, leader of the

Monday.

PLO factions continue dialogue

(Continued from page 1)

turned down an urgent summons by Mr. Assad to Damascus carber this week, would depend on whether the Algiers meetings produced an agreement that the PLO would end all its contacts with the Egyptian government would declare as null and void the Amman session of the PNC. "Damascus will not prevent any faction from attending the PNC, but it will also not encourage any faction to do so," the sources quoted the Syrian message as

George Habash, bead of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP), one of the Damascus-based factions attending the talks here, addressed the morning session on Tuesday of the Palestinian national dialogue.

Dr. Habash, bitherto an avowed opponent of Mr. Arafat, was said to have indicated new flexibility in his address, although be had not dropped his demand that the PLO "closes its Cairo gate," meaning contacts with the Egyptian government. Dr. Habash said the restoration of the unity of the PLO was "the top priority for the PFLP at this

However, he said, "the goal of unity should not be separated from sound and strong basis for national Palestinian unity."

The PFLP leader said the reconciliation efforts had gone "a long way towards the restoration of this unity after Mr. Arafat announced Fatch's agreement to abrogate the Feb. 11, 1985, Jordan-PLO agreement." The PLO . chairman made the announce-

Mrs. Boeker hosts charity function

the American ambassador to Jordan, Mrs. Margaret Bocker, beld a garden tea party at ber home in Amman on Tuesday to raise con-tributions to benefit the Al Hussein Society for the Rehabilita-tion of the Physically Handicapped. Addressing the party was society President Princess Ma-jidah, wife of Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid. She outlined the objective and the services of the society and its projects. She also expressed appreciation for Mrs. Boeker and the guests for their support for the society. She said that the society, which was founded in 1971, gives care to more than 100 children, mostly orphans or bandicapped wbo eannot attend normal schools. The society offers full accommodation to 40 such children and partial accommodation

which was financed by Oman through the Queen Alia Social

Tindemans arrives

Saudi Arabia and then Egypt. a tour to secure further support for the conference idea. Mr. Tindemans said recently that the King's current trip to Morocco, The Netherlands, Belgium and Britain could be "decisive in determining whether an interna-

The King met Mr. Tindemans in Brussels on April 7 and told a news conference he wanted Europe to play a bigger role in pushing for a Middle East settlement.

Earlier on Tuesday, Mr. Masri briefed heads of Arah diplomatic missions in Jordan on the outcome of the European tour by King Hussein. Mr. Masri briefed the heads of the Arab diplomatic missions on his visit to the United States in the company of Prime Minister Rifai and the talks they hold with U.S. administration

AMMAN (J.T.) - The wife of

to others. His Majesty King Hussein con-tributed a piece of land for the society to build a centre which was inaugurated in 1984 and

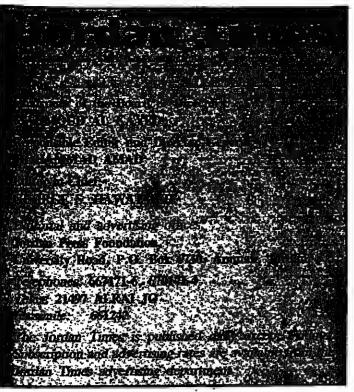
Welfare Fund.

(Continued from page 1)

After Amman, the Belgian minister is scheduled to visit His Majesty King Hussein is on

tional conference is feasible."

officient



Save our children

HER MAJESTY Queen Noor set a good example for all Jordanian women and our society at large when she called at a health centre in the outskirts of Amman on Monday to receive immunisation against the neo-natal tetanus disease. The Queen's initiative, marking the launching of a new drive in Jordan's national immunisation campaign against two major killer diseases measles and neo-natal tetanus - reflects Her Majesty's personal concern and that of Jordan at the top level, over the safety of our children, in order to protect them from inevitable death caused by major killer diseases. These diseases, namely tuberculosis, diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus, polio and measles, claim the lives of 600 children a day in the Arab World, and 8,000 children a day throughout the world. In other words, these diseases kill one child every two minutes, thus making their global annual death toll come to 3.5 million children a year. Measles and neo-natal tetanus coverage in Jordan had been particularly low compared with vaccination against the other diseases, and as such we can only hope that the new push would succeed in encouraging more Jordanian women inoculated against them.

The deaths caused by the major killer diseases in only four days almost equal the toll caused by the atomic bomb that was dropped on the Japanese town of Hiroshima. These shocking facts unfortunately have not so far received the dne attention and response they deserve at the universal level, as millions of children are still needlessly dying without their deaths being considered big and shocking news as is the case when a plane crashes or an earthquake takes the lives of people in certain parts

It is time we directed special attention to these silent emergencies which claim more lives than wars do: and it is time that we here in Jordan and the rest of the Arab World embarked on concerted action to save our children from the worst effects of killer diseases.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Israel shows its real face

FOR the second time within one week the Israelis show the world their true criminal face in the occupied Arab territory. They have destroyed and pillaged Oalgilia and Birzeit, two Arab towns in the occupied territory, killing and wounding their residents and burning their trees and crops in total defiance of the world community and disregard to any principles. We do not believe that the international community requires more evidence about Zionist racism and about the blood thirsty invaders of our land who continue to exercise terrorist and repressive measures against the Arab population. The heroie resistance of the Arab people is turning the military machinery of the occupation authorities into a mockery through their continued struggle and their steadfastness. The Arab residents are continuing to resist repressive actions by Zionists bent on destroying Arab property and killing and wounding Arab inhabitants. The Israeli crimes are being committed in the occupied territory while the whole world continues to hear and watch, and those who claim to be keen on safeguarding buman rights remain silent about such atrocities committed by a state that they call democratie and civilised. The attacks on the Arabs and their property in the West Bank resemble a movie picture with the marauders pillaging and looting an area where they also leave a trail of destruction behind. We sainte the Arab people under Israeli occupation and say that after this round they will no doubt come out stronger and more determined to pursue the struggle for freedom.

Al Dustour: Struggle for freedom continues

THE barbaric attacks on the Arab population and the destruction of Arab property in the West Bank came in reply to the burning of one car owned by a Jewish settler who ventured into the city of Qalqilia. The Israelis and the Zionist settlers did not need an excuse for committing their new crimes in Qalqilia and Birzeit nor did they need any preparation for their action because they have already planned to get rid of the Arabs through bysterical actions as those that were committed over the past two days. The reply to calls from the Arab population to regain their rights was fire and destruction and killing and wounding of university students. The Israelis are drunk with their arrogance and blinded by their fanaticism that they cannot but impose such repressive rules on the Arabs who are only armed with faith, stones and their hands. With more crimes, the Israelis hope to stifle the spirit of resistance and struggle among the Arabs, but it is clear for all that the more repressive actions are committed the mc: determined the Arabs will be in their resistance, steadfastness and struggle for freedom.

Sawt Al Shaab: Israel escalates repressive measures

THE Israelis on Monday added one more crime to their record over the past 20 years of occupation in the West Bank. They killed one student from Birzeit University and wounded seven others with their bullets and their war machine. Their crime in Birzeit is no different from that committed in Qalqilia the day before, and the long series of crimes committed against the Arabs ever since the creation of the Jewish state in Palestine. The new crime is part of the escalating Israeli repressive measures being directed against the Arab people under occupation, and is an extension of the atrocities and acts of terrorism committed against the Arab people in all the other towns and villages in the West Bank, the Gaza Strip and the Golan Heights. The Israelis, the Zionist settlers with their armoured cars and their guns and bombs will never be able to stifle the spirit of resistance and the struggle of the Arab population; and the iron fist policy will end up in total failure. The more brutal the Israelis become the harder will be the resistance which is a rightful act for privile seeking freedom and liberation from occupation.

A bogus plot to kill Reagan — another case of manipulation

By Lillian Craig Harris

THE full picture of Israel's Several individuals in this inner efforts to manipulate American policy towards the Arabs remains obscure, but additional bits of the mosaie bave recently been uncovered. Thanks to the Irangate revelations, evidence is at last being made public of an Israeli role in another dramatie American fiasco, the 1981 hysteria over alleged plans by Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi to assassinate. Ronald Reagan. This evidence points towards an Israeli-sponsored disinformation campaign successfully directed at the United States.

... an unidentified third party had mounted a disinformation effort ... to keep U.S. anger focused on Libya.

Very early in the Reagan administration, it became clear that policy toward Libya would be almost exclusively in the bands of persons who were determined to teach Libya a military lesson in humility. Theirs was a holy cause in which one could combat at once terrorists, Soviets and Arabs, three well-known sources of international disorder, anti-Americanism, and anti-Zionism.

circle, which increasingly centred on the National Security Council, had severe difficulty differentiating between the interests of the U.S. and those of Israel. The orchestrated situation reached its first crescendo in 1981 when clandestine reports began to come in that Qadhafi was planning to assassinate Reagan.

Within a few weeks of the first reports, the State Department's bureau of intelligence and research (INR) alerted the secret-. ary of state to the probability that an unidentified third party had mounted a disinformation effort intended to keep U.S. anger foeused on Libya. This INR memorandum vanished into the void, however, as the Reagan ideologues seized on the reports of Libyan plotting as grist for the aggressive policy upon which they had already decided.

As allegations of a massive "Lib threat" continued to come in from CIA reporting stations in several countries, weekly meet-ings began in the White House situation room to assess the danger. Every Friday morning representatives of the National Security Agency, the Department of State, the CIA, the Defence Intelligence Agency, the secret services, customs and immigration, treasury and other agencies and departments gathered to wring asked to think how best to protect

their hands and compare notes on Libyan "hit teams." The meetings were very high level. White House deputy chief of staff, Michael Deaver, attended, as did Admiral John Poindexter then an NSC staffer. The CIA sent its deputy chief of operations, if not

someone even closer to "God."

Phil Stoddard, a pragmatic intelligence professional then a senior INR deputy, showed his contempt for what be labelled "the worry wort meeting," by delegating INR's lowly Libya analyst (me) as the State Department representative. This snub went undetected in the general euphoria surrounding the government's united effort to save democracy from the forces of evil. The bogus clandestine reports eventually cost the U.S. government millions in wasted time and unnecessary security measures — to say nothing of diverting attention from affairs of state, including the search for peace in the Middle East, But those of us who attended the Friday meetings most certainly enjoyed ourselves.

When we weren't comparing aliases for terrorists, we discussed such variables as bow Qadhafi's friend Carlos could have been sighted in both Washington DC and Paris at the same time. The finest minds in Washington were

You-love-to-Hate, If we wanted more information, we gave the intelligence community the order. If we sensed a need, the border patrol bopped to. These were heady days and I began to understand how power can cause otherwise rational human beings to revert to boy's games.

The bogus clandestine reports cost the government millions in wasted time and security measures.

Eventually, when none of the dire reports from "usually reliable source" came true, even the CIA began to query the veracity of all this information. But it wasn't until Irangate blew that the mother lode for information on the alleged Libyan plots was alleged in press reports to be Manucher Ghorbanifar, Iranian arms merchant and international political wheeler-dealer par ex-

Astonishingly, though Ghorbamfar had been discredited in the eyes of the CIA for his part in the "Lib Threat Caper" twice failing a polygraph test — be managed to maintain his standing with various influential

Ronald Reagan from the Arab-members of the Reagan administration, apparently including CIA Director William Casey. This, we are now told, was due to Israeli intercession on his behalf.

A good summary of the methodology and mentality which allowed American officials to succumb to Israeli manipulation was given by an NSC member shortly before the American bombing of Tripob last April. Reminded that White House policy assumed not to take into consideration the ossible negative implications for Libya, or even for North African security more broadly, this gent-leman (now defrocked) assure me that negative consequences for Libya, no matter what, "are in no way a consideration of this administration." Just so.

By then, of course, Ollie North and company already had the bit in their teeth and were moving forward on a variety of clandestine fronts for which the potential negative effects bad not been considered. The Israelis could not have been bappy over the pros-pect that Qadhafi, whose image as the face of Arab evil is very useful, might be blown away by U.S. bombers. But they must have been overjoyed by the American descent into violence against the Arabs. To an even eater extent than the earlier U.S. naval bombardment of Lebanon, the air attack on Libya

represented success for Israeli policy. There could have been no better way to deflect U.S. criticism of Israel's own violent policies, in particular violence against Lebanon, against Iraq (the nac-lear reactor), and against Tunisia (the PLO headquarters).

But there's one more bit of the mosaic. Having forfeited some of their best allies in Washington, the Israelis are now apparently casting about for ways to make un the loss. According to Abn Abdullah, London representative of the Libyan National Salvation Front (LNSF), Israel has recently approached several anti-Qadhafi exile groups offering both funds and information in exchange for "a relationship." The LNSF says it rebuffed the Israeli ploy which it believes must stem from a desire to influence exile activities and to open a channel to those wbo, should they eventually come to power, could perhaps be persuaded to take a less antagonistie posture toward Israel.

This is all very curious and even a bit sad particularly in light of Abu Abdullab's criticism of recent U.S. policy toward Libya and his plaintive remark that, We never knew the U.S. didn't have any contacts in the Libyan 'That, of course, was a military. lesson we should all have learned back in 1981 - Middle East International, London.

Medium-range missiles best hope for arms deal but problems remain

By Patrick Worsnip Reuter

MOSCOW — Medium-range missiles present the best prospect of a U.S.-Soviet arms deal in the near future but major obstacles remain to be overcome as Secretary of State George Shultz starts three days of talks in Moscow. Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev sought to address the main outstanding problem when

be offered last week immediate talks on missiles that fall just sbort of the medinm-range But his proposal, in a speech in Prague on Friday, apparently failed to meet the fears of leading NATO countries that an agreement on intermediate-range nuc-

lear forces (INF) will leave them

vulnerable to Soviet sborterrange rockets. INF missiles are those with a range of 1,000-5,000 kilometres and include the Soviet SS-20 and U.S. cruise missiles and Pershing-The shorter-range miss mentioned by Gorbachev bave a range of 500-1,000 kilometres.

Apart from medium-range missiles, East and West are also discussing long-range strategie missiles, space arms, chemical weapons, nuclear testing and conventional forces, but none of

these talks appear close to agree-

When the U.S.-Soviet arms talks in Geneva adjourned on March 26, the two sides were agreed on a deal that would abolish the 270 triple-warhead SS-20s and 316 single-warhead cruises and Pershing-2s currently deployed in Europe.

Each side would be allowed to retain 100 medium-range warheads in Soviet Asia and the United States respectively.

Prospects for an INF agreement improved after Gorbachev conceded in February that it need not depend on accords in the two other areas under discussion in Geneva - strategie weapons and space arms.

But, since then, the negotiashort-range question. Washington says that in the

the dominating theme of Shultz's Soviet Union has up to 150 mod-short-range systems, but the West

within range of Western Europe. It says it bas nothing comparable although some counts include 72 ageing Pershing-1s based in

West Germany which can be fit-

ted with nuclear warheads held

by U.S. faces. A draft INF treaty presented by the United States last month called for equal ceilings for both sides on short-range missiles, which would in effect allow the West to build up to Soviet levels. The Soviets rejected this prop-

Gorbachev's latest offer showed awareness of the shortrange problem, but was unsatisfactory to NATO on at least two

While the Americans want short-range constraints as part of grounds that linkage could bold thas vigorously opposed this. up an INF deal. In the U.S. view, tive to reach a short-range agreement once an INF accord was achieved.

isting Soviet superiority. Some officials in Britain, West Germany and France are also worried by the whole trend of the arms control dialogue.

The West raised short-range missiles as an objection to an INF deal but Gorbachev's offer of talks to do away with such missiles has raised Western fears of a steady advance towards the denulcearisation of Europe, This is a stated Soviet objec-

tive, but it alarms NATO, whose basic strategy of "flexible response" means it reserves the right to use nuclear weapons against a massive Warsaw Pact attack with conventional forces.

To deal with the problem, the United States has proposed conan INF treaty, the Soviet leader proposed separate talks on the range use, but the Soviet Union

Talks on strategie weapons are the Kremlin would have no incen- deadlocked over the U.S. Strategie Defence Initiative (SDI) and Soviet objections to it. Moscow says it will not accept Washington would like an agreement to deploy the futuristic 'Star Wars' weapons being researched under SDI after a certain time-limit had elapsed, while Moscow wants to block the prog-

The status of other arms con-uchemical weapons ban.

agree on the aim of their talks. Moscow says it is a total test ban, but Washington says it is how to verify existing treaties limiting The essential difference is that as long as it depends on nuclear

Chemical weapons — the West has welcomed a new Soviet candour about its possession of such weapons. But 40-nation talks in Geneva bave not vet reached agreement on ways of verifying a

Nuclear testing — the United and Warsaw Pact officials in States and Soviet Union cannot Vienna are discussing a mandate for new talks on Europe-wide force reductions. But Gorbacbev's call in Prague for 35-Arms control is expected to be 500-1,000 kilometres bracket, the interim freeze by both sides on until the SDI dispute is resolved.

Washington says that in the Gorbachev also proposed an any accord on long-range missiles the size of tests. The United arms and conventional forces and support the size of tests. The United arms and conventional forces and support the size of tests. The United arms and conventional forces and support the size of tests are says it will continue testing weapons appeared to signal imthe size of tests. The United arms and conventional forces and patience with these discussions.

itain acquires an insight into Soviet thinking

Margaret Thatcher, Britain's prime minister, is now home after her visit to Russia. Peter Riddell says that the main result has been to give Whitehall a much clearer idea of how the new Russian

and celebrations what bas really been achieved by the visit of Britain's prime minister, Mrs. Thatcher, to the Soviet Union?

Semor ministers argue that it needs to be put in the perspective of the reappraisal of Britain's relations with the Soviet Union started by Mrs. Thatcher and Sir Geoffrey Howe, foreign secretary, shortly after he assumed the post in 1983.

Their conclusion was that East-West relations needed greater attention. There have been problems such as the shooting down of the Korean Airlines plane but there has been gradual progress with Mrs. Thatcher's visit to Hungary in 1984, Sir Geoffrey's tours around East European capitals

By Peter Humphrey

Renter

ZAGREB, Yugoslavia —

Croatia, the region worst hit by a wave of strikes in Yugoslavia last

month, has displayed its powerful

clout in the country by winning its

way in a row over a wage freeze

The strikes appear to bave sub-

sided after amendments to the

controversial February 27 wages

law and after parallel price con-

trols were imposed, appeasing

this Communist country of 23 million people living amid ram-

Croatians, unaccustomed to

austerity, opposed the freeze in

an expression of traditional resist-

ance to any encroachment by the

federal government on their rela-

tive prosperity compared to

The average monthly pay in Croatia was 125,000 dinars (\$227)

in December, compared with

105,000 dinars (\$190) in Serbia or

80,000 dinars (\$145) in the least

developed region, Kosovo, according to official statistics.

Yugoslavia's poorer south.

pant 100 per cent inflation.

that triggered the stoppages.

LONDON - After all the cheers and Mr. Mikhail Gorbachev's successful trip to Britain in December 1984 shortly before he became Soviet leader.

On this view, the Moscow visit came at an ideal time, given Mr. Gorbachev's reform initiatives and what is seen in London as an accelerating tempo of power in the Soviet Union.

The British view is that the Moscow visit has built on this notably through the 13 hours of separate talks between Mrs. Thatcher and Mr. Gorbachev and the eight hours of separate talks between Sir Geoffrey and Mr. Shevardnadze, Russia's foreign

These will in turn lead to a visit to the Soviet Union again by Sir Geoffrey later this year and Gor-

ism revenues of its long Adriatic

coast and from having most of

ques stand out in sharp contrast

to the duli shops of Belgrade and

other towns in the south of

Yugoslavia. There are scores of

private shops and restaurants

here, while the south is only

besitantly allowing the private

It was Yugoslavia's inflation,

with prices of essential goods

soaring daily, that prompted

to control wages and then prices,

along with other economic mea-

Croatia is one of Yugoslavia's

with its northern neighbour abated.

six constituent and relatively

autonomous republics, and along

Slovenia makes up the country's

most powerful economic region.

Its union leaders, party officials,

factory directors and local news-

papers, were most vocal in chal-

lenging the law.

sector to grow.

sures.

Yugoslavia's oil resourcs.

Outcome of Yugoslav strikes show power of Croatia

Croatia's 1.6 million workforce political fight but an economic

profits enormously from the tour- one. In the end they had their

ugoslavia's oil resourcs. The wages law retroactively In its capital Zagreb chie bouti- and partially froze wages at the

Prime Minister Branko Mikulic receiving payments from foreign

ity increases.

bachev may return to Britain INF — medium-range nuclear again next year, although a date missiles — and ebemical again next year, although a date has not been fixed.

The main result of all these contacts has been to give the British side a much clearer insight - and probably a unique one for any Western government — into the thinking of the Kremlin on a whole range of world problems.

The British government has been quick to spread the word around its allies. A senior Forcign Office official has briefed the rest of NATO and Sir Geoffrey will give a fuller account to an informal meeting of EEC foreign

Mr. George Sbultz, U.S. Secretary of State, was briefed before his visit to Moscow.

The essence of the British message to Mr. Shultz was that the Soviet Union is ready to do business with the West on the desired step-by-step basis, particularly on

way," a foreign political analyst

based in Zagreb told Reuters.

average level of the last quarter of 1986, forcing firms to claw

back end-1986 pay rises from

March wage packets, and pegged

any future pay rises to productiv-

The amendments made the law

more flexible by taking into

account the fact that many firms

have fluctuating productivity due to seasonal factors or delays in

partners, which affect the firms'

many firms are still passing on big

pay cuts to workers. Neverthe-

less, the wave of strikes has

new surge of strikes could erupt

in coming months, due not only

Trade union leaders have said

"Croatia is economically more than 2,000 Yugoslav firms, correctly and did not raise wages powerful. This wasn't so much a with almost 600,000 workers, at the year's end," Markovie said.

to the wages law but also to a new

bankruptcy law.

Croatian officials said here that

results on balance sheets.

weapons.

But there remain considerable problems in the negotiations over short-range nuclear weapons, given the Soviet resistance to the U.S. desire to have a "right to match" the very large Warsaw Pact superiority in this category.

The British belief is that this will confirm Mr. Shultz's existing impression that the Soviet Union is involved in the arms talks "for real" but with besitations and reservations of which to take account. On this view, the U.S. should be encouraged to press ahead but should not assume everything will fall easily into

The British government lays particular stress on the Soviet acceptance of the need to ban chemical weapons, although there remain far-reaching prob-

could be hit by this law, which

comes into effect in July and will

force unprofitable firms to cut

wages to minimum levels, and

eventually wind them up if they

fail to recover the previous year's

Croatian planning chief Bozo

Marendic was recently quoted as

telling visiting journalists that up

to 110,000 workers in unprofit-

able firms in Croatia alone could

face pay cuts of up to 50 per cent

first industrial action to try to

force the federal government to

The March strikes were the

Croatian President Ante Mar-

kovic told foreign journalists last

week that the new amendments on

wages were in line with Croatian

a seasonal character, such as

farming, tourism, building, con-

struction, manufacturing with

long-running production cycles, and all those firms which behaved

"Government showed a flex-

under the bankruptcy law.

change a law.

proposals.

They predict, however, that a ibility essential for industries with

lems of verification. This is an area where British ministers see

In all this, it is difficult to assess the British role of the complementary and mutually reinforcing team of Mrs. Thatcher and Sir Geoffrey. Both bave been around for some time and Mrs. Thatcher is not only an especially experienced European leader but also has a special relationship

with President Reagan. Britisb ministers, also, claim special scope to play a leading that they will be around for some time and this is recognised

> bachev's treatment of Mrs. Thatcher. After all the excitement and euphoria, there is a clear danger of hubris - but not perhaps as long as Sir Geoffrey remains foreign secretary — Financial Times

abroad, not least in Mr. Gor-

LETTERS

educational reforms

AFTER reading Dr. Abu Jaber's articles in the Jordan Times concerning education. I agree wholebeartedly that it's high time to re-evaluate the whole system of education in this country. Look at the advances made by Japan, a country like Jordan that bas very limited natural resources. Their educational system is not perfect but, it is augmented by a social system which respects and values individual achievement. As Dr. Abu Jaber pointed out, Jordan's network of familial ties is fragmented and distorted due to modernisation and fast-paced social change. Hence, it becomes the task of the educational system to address this issue and re-define itself towards a better utilisation of our most important

At present, we are steeped in a rigid system of rote learning,

I would add in closing that there are numerous experts on to find the road to improvement.

As a teacher and a mother, I applaud Crown Prince Hassan's

Marianne Nsour

3

حكذا مذ المعمل

High time for

resource, our children, citizens of the future.

leading eventually to the rigid high school entry and Tawjihi exams. What is the future of those students not passing these exams? A very limited system of training leading to nondescript, low-paying jobs is their fate. If it is deemed necessary that students are to be eliminated from the formal educational system, it is a natural expectation that they be provided with up-to-date skills training. If we acknowledge that Jordan is suffering the pangs of growth, we cannot fairly expect our children to proceed with a rigorous course of study of which we cannot guarantee the end result. Is it fair to overburden the already stressful teenage years with the disgrace and disfavour which failing to succeed in the examinations bring? And to further fan the flames by thrusting them into menial job training? What about a second chance for "late bloomers"?

education in Jordan and, various experimental methods of teaching are already in progress. There is no need to import a system of expertise to deal with this crisis. Valuable insights and experiences are at our fingertips so we don't have to look very far

appeal to the nation to make our future bright by developing the natural dignity of our children through meaningful education.

Amman.

In France, new works by 2 writers lament demise of intellectuals

By Richard Bernstein

PARIS — He is known just by his initials, B.H.L. in the way some of the legendary film actors of France, like Fernandel and Raimu, used to be called only by single oames, which were emblems of nationwide recogni-

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سية بن مستان مي أفداها :

15

Bernard-Heori Levy, the writer and philosopher, is not a movie star. But he is often pictured to the glossy French magazines in carefully framed profile, or staring slightly downward at the camera with a look of calculated intensity in his eyes, his long hair silhonetted against background lights and his shirt unbuttoned nearly to the waist.

Mr. Levy, 38, is a commentator and thinker about town very much to the French mold, a man who writes about such difficult subjects as Marxism, structuralism, existentialism and freedom. while living a publicly flamboyant life. He admits to a certain narcissism. He is always studiously casual, and is frequently on television and setting all sorts of

By Daniel Q. Haney

The Associated Press

BOSTON - Natural chemicals

that boost the body's huilt-in vigi-

lance against disease may provide

a powerful new weapon in the

war on cancer, hut researchers

caution that this promising field is

still in its infancy.
In a report published Thurs-

day, doctors from the National

Cancer Institute followed up their

first highly publicised study on the use of the chemicals with more

results to bolster their early

institute's head, said the new

approach appears to be the most

promising treatment available for

spreading stages of kidney cancer

and malignant melanoma, a

But experts also say many im-

portant questions remain un-

answered about the new

approach, which uses the hor-mone interleukin-2 in a treatment

called adoptive immunotherapy.

"We have in front of us all the

same things that were in front of

the people who first got a re-

sponse out of cancer chemother-

apy" in 1945, said Dr. John R.

Durant of the Fox Chase Cancer

why it works, who it's going to work in, how to make it better,

what's going to happen when it's

to make it safer, how to make it

The therapy uses interleukin-2

to turn ordinary white blood cells

into natural killer cells, which

seek and destroy cancer. Dr.

Steven A. Rosenberg and col-

found that nearly a quarter of patients with advanced cancer at

least partially respond to the ex-perimental therapy.

Using the body's own disease-fighting powers to stop cancer "is an idea that has been around as

long as chemotherapy," said Dr. David Parkinson of New England

Medical Centre. "But this is the

first time that reproducible can-

cer responses have been seen.

And it means the beginning of a

new arm to cancer therapy in

addition to chemotherapy, radia-

tion and surgery."
However, Dr. Charcles G.

Moertel of the Mayo Clinic, who

mixed with other treatments, how

Centre in Philadelphia.

cheaper.

lethal skin disease.

Dr. Vincent T. Devita Jr., the

Study backs controversial

new cancer therapy

His 1977 book, "Barbarism With a Human Face," was a sensation in France, a point of repair for the group that was theo coming to be known as the New Philosophers, still the dominant

current in French totellectual life. The book marked a decisive rejection of Marxist totalitarianism, which it described in entirely negative terms, something the previous generation of French thinkers, dominated by leftist sentiment, had been loath to do.

Now Mr. Levy has created new controversy, by publishing a slender volume called "Eloge des Intellectuels," or "Elegy for the Intellectuals.

The book is both a lament and an accusation against his own kind, in which he argues that the serious thinkers on moral and political issues in France have in recent years lost their historic role. They are suffering a "dis-grace, a discredit, a muted disqualification" such that France, the country that invented the concept of the intellectual, "does not know what to think of them

There is no evidence that this

particular type of treatment

either adds to the duration or

"We would hope that as time goes by, this and other hiologics

(Natural chemicals) might even-

tually begin to meet those impor-

tant hottom lines. Right now, I

think it's research of interest, but

it still has a way to go before we can assume it's of substantive

Rosenherg, however, says

there is now no question that his

initial results were real and will

be matched by other doctors.

"What we have here is hopefully the dawn of a new approach to treating cancer," Rosenberg said, "What it's ultimately going

to be able to offer patients with

cancer is hard to predict. But

when you have a whole new way

of dealing with the disease,

obviously it opens the possibility

for development that could be very meaningful and important."

ports the results of the therapy on

106 patients with advanced

were grown in test tubes with interleukin-2. The hormone

into so-called lymphokine-acti-vated killer, or LAK, cells. Then

the blood cells were put back in

their bodies. Finally, they were

bolstered with further injections.

of interleukin-2. An additional 46

Far more complicated and ex-

pensive treatment using the LAK

cells seemed to work better, pro-

tumour reductions in 22 per cent of the patients, including com-

plete remissions in eight people.

Interkeukin-2 alone produced

substantial tumour reduction in

patients were treated with inter-

leukin-2 alone.

plete remission.

tients could tolerate.

"Now we've got to figure out r transformed the ordinary blood

leagues at the Cancer Institute ducing more than 50 per cent

Rosenberg's latest work re-

First, their white blood cells

quality of life of cancer patients,"

he said in an interview.

"Intellectuals are neither hated nor vilified nor even really denounced," Mr. Levy writes, lamenting past days when French political thinkers were takeo seriously enough to be made to

suffer for their ideas. "Elegy for the Intellectuals" is one of two works attracting attention in Paris these days that, taken together, reflect a kind of pause, a sense of alarm, and maybe even a oew stage in the life of the mind in France.

Both are marked by varying degrees of nostalgia, pessimism and disillusionment over the intellectual profession, which has been both worshipped and ostracised with a heated sort of passion that itself is one of the chief characteristics of the French

The other book, "La Defaite de la Pensee," or "The Failure of Thought," by Alain Finkielkraut, being reviewed together with Mr. Levy's slender volume, is a somewhat thicker, more deliberate, and, according to some, more probing work. One of Mr. Fink- have been widely admired in



Bernard-Henri Le'vy

ielkraut's themes, at times overlapping that of the Levy volume. the decline of cultural standards.

Mr. Finkielkraut, a 38-yearold writer whose previous books sees as an attack on the fundamental values established in the 18th-century French enlight-

But his historical excursion is aimed at explaining why, as he sees it, cultural standards have shrunk into insignificance as cultural figures have been transformed from elites of taste and discrimination into creatures of the mass media marketplace.

"The boundary line between culture and entertainment has hecome hlurry." Mr. Finkielkraut

A similar point, although expressed differently, is getting most of the attention in Mr. Levy's book. It is his charge that a group of popular stars have, in the country of Montaigne and Voltaire, Zola and Camus, replaced serious thinkers as the most conspicuous trendsetters. commentators and spiritual guides of France.

Mr. Levy specifically mentions a popular singer of satirical songs programme. Among the others is Bernard Tapie, a wealthy husinessman and the star of a television programme called "Ambition," who has made free enterprise into a glitzy sort of media campaign.

These are "appealing figures," Mr. Levy writes. But in the context of French intellectual history, they mark a decline. They are hasically too simple and monotonous

Yet, Mr. Levy concludes, their prominence signals a real political danger, because, as he puis it. intellectual "clarity," an appreciation of complexity, and the ability to make learned distinctions are among the fundamental conditions of democratic life.

Referring to past figures like Sarire. Camus and Mauriac, Mr. Levy said: "Because they wrote novels, and because their talent was recognised, they were authorised and required to intervene in the issues of the day and to say, nightly or wrongly, what was true named Renaud, who was invited and good. This profile is very some time ago to appear on French" — New York Times

Efforts underway to France, concentrates on what he France's highest-brow literary launch international space studies project

By Duncan Mansfield The Associated Press

CAMBRIDGE, Massachusetts - Mankind's conquest of space will require international cooperation and a pooling of resources, say planners of an educational endeavour called the internation-

al space university project. "We have one chance and only one chance to move into space as one species. Right now," said Peter H. Diamandis, chairman of

the project's founding conference this weekend at Massachusetts Institute of Technology. "If we move out into space as

nationalists with nationalistic interests, it will remain that way." Some of delegates from Canada, the United States, Europe,

India, Japan, the Peoples Republic of China and the Soviet Union hope to create a "university" for top graduate students from around the world that would provide advanced instruction in space-related fields.

The aim is both to enhance space curricula and to set the stage for international coopera-

"It's interdependency that we are trying to huild this institution upon," said Todd Hawley, executive director of Space Generation Foundation Inc., a Washingtonhased non-profit organisation that coordinated the weekend

"It's the whole sense that there's a definitive need at the outset to interlink natioos, to pool resources, to create a sense of teamwork in doing things that benefit humanity as whole." Hamley said.

Space university already has gained an impressive list of hackers.

Author Arthur C. Clarke is a project trustee, and advisers to the founding conference included Harvard President Derck Bok, MIT President Paul Gray, Apollo 17 astronaut Harrison Schmitt, and Ian Pryke, head of the European Space Agency's Washington

And MIT has offered to host space university's first term - 3 three-month session in the summer of 1988.

Organisers say that with a planned budget of \$1.3 million garnered from corporate and foundation contributors, as many as 100 students will be able to attend.

"The end goal, which I will not put a time factor on hut I will say we want to work towards, is having facilities in orbit." said Diamandis, a student jointly pursuing a medical degree at Harvard Medical School and a doctorate in aerospace engineering at MIT.

Swedish spy season opens

Sara Webb reports on a nation's obsession with submarines and other suspicious vehicles making their way from the East as the seas and roads unfreeze.

summer, a new emergency telephone service in Sweden will mark the start of another submarine-spetting season. Anyone who sees a suspicious grey object lurking offshore should head immediately for the nearest telephone kiosk, dial 90000, and report it to the submarine

Some Europeans go in for hirdwatching, train-spotting or sight-ings of unidentified flying objects (UFOs). The Swedes have an obsession with submarines and other spying vehicles, which most recently have included long-distance lorries from the Soviet Un-

Their fears are not entirely groundless; the famous "Whiskyon-the-rocks affair" in 1981 wheo a Soviet ouclear-armed Whiskyclass submarine ran aground in restricted waters outside the Karlskrona naval hase reminded Swedes of the vulnerability of

Since then, they have found Soviet mini-suhmarine tracks around the Stockholm archipelago and spotted what the govern-ment euphemistically called "frogmen-like persons" clamber-

And while Moscow archly alluded to Swedish "periscope paranoia" and "underwater hal-lucinations," members of the public have taken the foreign intrusions extremely seriously.

Swedes can swot up on how to identify a snorkelling submarine. how to recognise various U-hoat silhouettes and what to do in the event of finding one (report the time and place immediately).

to be few hoaxers among those members of the public who call in. The defence staff publishes quarterly npdates on the strength of the reports, noting the number

STOCKHOLM - Come the of submarine sightings and suspicious incidents.

ion, Poland and East Germany.

their coastline.

mg ashore.

Armed with a handy leaflet called Our Uninvited Visitors,

Rather surprisingly, there seem

The Whisky-on-the-rocks inci-

dent soured relations with the Soviet Union, as did the more recent discovery of several dozen hugging devices in the Swedish emhassy in Moscow - although the swedes claim that nothing important could possibly have been overheard as all their top secret ennierences are carried out in a completely bug-proof room, known ironically in the charmed circles of the foreign ministry as the Submarine Room.

However, the general public is now so aware that Swedish submarines have to leave base fully submerged or else hrazenly flying the Swedish colours in order to prevent sub-spotters jamming the telephone lines within minutes of their departure.

At times, it seems that the public takes a keener interest in these things than Mr. Roine Carl-sson, defence minister, who tactlessly referred to Sweden's coastal corvettes — the cutting edge of the country's defence agains intruding submarines — as "metal monstrosities," which were not worth wasting money on as they were only used by navy captains for showing off.

He had to spend the next few days apologising profusely on television and radio in order to placate the irate naval staff. More recently, he has been criticised for failing to do anything about another Swedish hugbear: the squadrons of Eastern bloc "spy lorries" which transport goods between Stockholm and the southern Swedish ports of Gothenhurg and Malmo.

These have been found meandering down small lanes, miles from the main roads which they are supposed to follow and in some cases suspiciously close to restricted military zones. - Financial Times feature.

sharply criticised the approach in infections and two from heart attacks, were attributed to the December, remains unimpressed after seeing the latest results. Pluto much smaller than

assumed By Hermann-Michael Hahn

THE American astronomer Clyde Tomaugh discovered the planet Pluto in 1930. 56 years later, two astronomers from Berlin Technical University, present-ly working at the European Southern Observatory (ESO) on Mount La Silla, Chile, accurately measured Pluto's diameter for the first time: it is 2,200 kilometres. Thus, this planet is not only the farthest removed from the sun, it is also the smallest in the solar system. In fact, Pluto is not half as big as original-

Two facts made such an exact measurement possible. First, the American astronomer James Christy located a Pluto satellite in the summer of 1978. Second, it subsequently turned out to be possible in the second half of the 1980s for astronomers on earth to have a side-view of the satellite as it travelled sharply inclined to-ward Pluto's orbital plane. Thus, it should prove possible during a single orbit to establish the extent to which the two celestial bodies covered, i.e. eclipsed, each other. The reduction of total light during this process would permit direct conclusions to be drawn concerning the dimensions of the two bodies in question. The technique has long been used to determine diameter in the case of closely located stars.

Preliminary test measurements in April 1985 revealed that the orbital path of Charon, as Christy had dubbed his discovery, was not lined up precisely enough with the earth at that point in time. The situation did not improve until the spring of 1986. When, on the night of April 2, Manfred Paknil and Klaus

Reinsch sighted Pluto with a 2.2metre mirror on loan to ESO from the Max-Planck-Gesellschaft (Max Planck Society), they registered a light reduction to the order of about 0.2 as the shadow of the Pluto satellite crossed the planet's surface. Two-and-a-half orbits later, on April 18, the Berlin guest astronomers, who were now using a 1.5-metre telescope made available by Denmark, were able to track Charon

as it disappeared behind Pluto. careful evaluation of the light curves provided the most accurate values ever obtained on the respective sizes of Pluto and Charon and the distance between them. Charon, with a diameter of 1,160 kilometres, is half the size of Pluto. It moves around the planet in an almost circular orbit at a distance of 19,000 kilometres. — The German Research Service, Bonn.



Berlin celebrates 750th birthday

unspielhaus concert hall (left) and Franzosischer Dom (French Cathedral) in Platz der Akadeiise (Square of the Academy) are festively illuminated. A concert given for guests from home and abroad there on New Year's Eve solemnly opened the celebrations

marking the 750th anniversary of Berlin. Schauspielhaus — the famous Schinkel building which had been destroyed in World War II - was rebuilt and opened as concert half on October 1, 1984-

New supernova returns, more brilliant than ever

By Kevin Noblet The Associated Press

SANTIAGO, Chile - A supernova that dimmed a little after its first sighting in February is increasing in hrilliance every day, haffling and fascinating astronomers who say their theories will have to he rewritten.

13 per cent, including one com-"It is increasing at a steady The most impressive response two-to three-hundredths of a magnitude per day," said Robert Williams, head of the El Tololo was in a woman with melanoma who has been completely free of Observatory in the Andean disease for more than two years. foothills 230 miles north of San-The researchers administered

as much interleukin-2 as the pa-Side effects included vomiting, diarrhea, low blood pressure, the way things are going it may be yet," he said Wednesday. fluid retention and hreathing difficulties. Four deaths, two from

hased astronomer, Canadian lan Shelton of the Las Campanas Observatory. Its appearance electrified stargazers, who turned scores of powerful earth-based and satellite telescopes on the phenomenon.

The new star, which scientists dubbed "1987A." became hrighter for five days as expected, and many astronomers predicted it would quickly reach a visual magnitude of 1, or significantly brighter than the North Star.

Observers were disappointed when instead it dimmed slightly. However, since March 5, its

tiago.

"It's now as hright as some of the dimmer naked-eye stars. It's reaching a visual magnitude of reaching a visual magnitude of 2.63 on Tuesday night according not among the hrightest stars, hut one tamong the hrightest stars, hut of the way things are going it may be to Williams and other astronomers. That compares with a lesser The supernova first was seen on Feb. 23 by another Chilean-

the North Star's magnitude is 2. "There's no precedent for this." Williams said in a telephone interview from the observatory funded by the U.S. National Sci-

ence Foundation. "It's like the Dow Jones average - it keeps rising and setting new records.

The supernova, created by the collapse and spectacular explosion of a dying star 170,000 lightyears away, is the closest to earth since 1604. In most of the North-ern Hemisphere, it is hidden from view by the horizon, but it is easily visible south of the

equator. Experts are befuddled by its

fluctuating brightness.
"It's going to provide a lot of work for the theoreticians, who will have to do a lot of revising," said Cristiani Stefano of the La

Silla Observatory, near El Scientists have defined two

types of supernovas. A Type I supernova is produced by the dense remains of an ordinary star that draws mass from a nearby large star. A Type II supernova is created by the collapse of a giant dying star, acting alone. Stefano said the new super-

nova's behaviour appears to be proving the theory that there are more than two types of super-The supernova may be growing hrighter because it is expanding

in size more quickly than it is cooling off. Stefano speculated. The highly energised material known as an envelope, produced by the explosion is moving away from the core at about 6,000

miles a second, he said.

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South Koreans

foresee success for '88 Olympics

SEOUL, South Korea (AP)

South Korean authorities said

Tuesday they are confident the

1988 Seoul Olympic games will be

carried out successfuly despite

rival North Korea's threat to lead

an East Bloc Boycott if its de-

Mr. Shin Doo-Byong, director-

general of the foreign ministry's information and cultural affairs

bureau, said that with recent en-

conraging developments, "we be-

came convinced that differences

in ideology and political system will not stand in the way of a

successfully holding of the Seoul

mal and informal contacts with

sports authorities from the Soviet Union, East Germany, Hungary

and other communist nations, we

received strong indications that

they mean to participate in the

He expressed confidence that

China, a long-time patron of

North Korea, which nevertheless

took part in the recent Asian

games in Seoul, would not miss

He said it was 'very encourag-

ing" that after contacting Social

ist countries, International Olym-

pic Committee (IOC) President

Juan Antonio Samaranch ex-

pressed his confidence that "all

Socialist countries will participate

He called on Pyongyang to

participate in the Seoul Olympics

by withdrawing "all the prepost-erous demands" that the Seoul

games be cohosted by Seoul and

Pyongyang, coupled with a threat to boycott the event if its de-

To ensure a maximum parti-

cipation in the Seoul games, Mr.

Shin said, South Korea has accepted the IOC proposal allow-

ing the North to hold two sports

the Seoul Olympics.

in the Seoul Olympics.

Mr. Shin said that "from for-

mands are not met.

Olympics.

Seoul games.

Jordan Rally rolls off today

By P.V. Vivekanand Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Exciting and thrilling as rallying events in Jordan are to enthusiasts, this year's Jordan rally holds out all promises of being unique in more ways than one for the participants and rally fans as well as the organisers of the event.

The 1,360-kilometre, three-day event that kicks off from the Roman Amphitheatre in downtown Amman at 4:30 this afternoon brings together for the first time io Jordan driving talent from tbe Arah Gulf, Lebaoon and Cyprus to Finland and the Soviet Unioo to match with the skills of Jordanian drivers.

Leading the list of the 47 participants - a record in itself for a rally in Jordan — are familiar names like Qatar's Saeed Al Hain, the Arah World's number one rally ace, the UAE's Mohammad Ibn Sulavvem, the reigning champion of the region, Finland's Lasse Lampi who figures among the top eight rally drivers in the world, Michel Saleh of Lehanon, a veteran who has consistently fought to gain top slots in various Middle East events, Antoine Georgiou, a noted rally driver from Oman, and Christos Eliades, one of the top drivers from Cyprus. Ahmad Kahlifeh and Abdullah Omar Al Majid of the UAE. Ahmad Al Zafairi of Kuwait, Ibrahim Madhloom of Bahrain, Mohammad Shitan and Ahmad Ilawi of Saudi Arabia, and Lester Fetherstonehaugh of Britain are others to be watched out for resounding performances.

Added to the already impressive arena is a team of five top Soviet drivers, whose thundering Lada 2105 VFTS would be breaking new ground in the Jordanian countryside and desert over the next three days. The Lada team includes some of the most skilled

AMELIA ISLAND, Florida

(AF) - American Stephanie

Rehe worked hard for a 6-3, 6-7,

6-2 victory over Patricia Mercado

of Brazil Monday in the first

round of the \$300,000 women's

International Tennis Association

In the night matches, Carling Bassett of Canada outlasted American Camille Benjamin 7-5,

3-6, 6-1 and no. 12 seed Mary Joe

Fernandez of the United States

won 11 of the final 13 games to

down Nathalie Herreman of

No. 10 seed Rehe appeared

ready to clinch the match, leading

5-3 in the second set before Mer-

cado rallied to force a tiehreaker,

maiotained ber composure and

championships.

France 5-7, 6-4, 6-2.

captured the third set.

as 11-year national champion Stasis Broundza, eight-time national ebampion Eouguenius Toumaliavitchus and Ivars Tsaouce. who won the national championship twice between 1983 and

Against such heavy competition, Jordan is lining up the ta-leots of His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah, the reigning national champion, Nabil Karam, Hani Bisharat, Haile Aguilar — a veteran with more than 30 years of driving experience - George Khayyat, Haitham Mufti and Issa Halahi. In addition, there are another 23 entrants from Jordan, some of whom have rendered excellent performances in past rallying events in the Kingdom.

However, conspicuous by their absence in the Jordanian list are George Haddad and Nahil

For the Royal Automobile Club of Jordan (RACJ), the organisers of the event, this year's Jordan Rally, the third leg of the 1987 Middle East rally championship, will be the cul-mination of years of concentrated efforts towards securing a place for Jordan Rally in the world championship series. FISA, the international authority in rallying, is sending senior observers to assess the conduct of the event for possible inclusion of Jordan Rally as one the 12 events of the 1988 world championship.

Jordan Rally, a regular annual event since 1981, secured FISA recognition as a world class event and renowned Soviet drivers such, since 1982 and the RACJ was Rehe labours for victory

a three-setter right away. It was

In a mild upset Monday after-

noon, Helen Kelesi of Canada

upended no. 13 seed Laura Gil-

demeister of Peru 7-5, 6-3, Also,

good experience.'

rest of the week.

JAZZ ROCK N'ROLL BLUES

factor in securing a place for Jordan in the world ebampionship series.

Some RACJ officials say the 1987 rally has brought an unusual kind of cooperative spirit among the various concerned authorities who have thrown all their weight behind the RACI's efforts and coordinated with the club to make the sportive event an allout success in every way.
"People have realised bow im-

portant it is to Jordan to secure a slot in the world series," commented an official. "They are offering their utmost cooperation to make the rally, as well as future events in the Kingdom, an example in organisation and con-

From Hajri's Porsche 911 SCRS, Ibn Sulayyem's Toyota Celica, Prince Abdullah's Opel Manta and Lampi's Mitsubishi station to Saleh's Audi Quattro, Aguilar's Nissan 240 R.S., Fetherstone's Volvo 240 T and Abdul Ilah Malhas' Land Rover Pickup, most of the participant vehicles are specially-built to withstand the tough, gruelling jour-ney across the Kingdom.

A further split-up of the entry list shows that Toyota leads the list with a total of eight entries from Celica Twincam Turbo to Celica G.T. - followed by Nissan with seven 240 R.S. and one Datsun 210, Lada with six entries - the five-member Soviet team is further complimented by Maen Al Haded's identical Lada 2105 VFTS — and Opel with six entries — four of them Manta 400.

Three Daihatsu charmants and one each of Daihatsu Charade and Daihatsu Rocky, two Mitsubishi, two Volvo, one Seat Ibiza, one Mazda 929 and one Renault

informed last year that the 1987 from the Roman Amphitheatre rally would be the determining on a course towards the ancient Greco-Roman city of Jerash in the oorth and back to the Amman Marriott Hotel. The vehicles will race off towards Petra on the second day and regroup at the

Petra Forum Hotel for the night. The starting point for the third and final day of the event is at the Petra Guest House at Qatraneh from where the cars will begin the return leg to Amman through the King's Highway, one of the oldest trade routes in the world.

Special stages where the drivers will face the real test of driving skills and vehicle stability are included throughout the three-day race.

According to RACI press re-leases, it is oot only the legal FISA definition that makes the Jordan Rally an international event but also the exceptional nature of the terrain involved in its route.

The mountainous zigzags on the Amman-Jerash leg resemble those of the Monte Carlo Rally and the gravel special stages dotted with olive trees are similar to those of the Acropolis Rally, says the club. It also notes that the desert terrain in Jordan is similar to that of the Safari Rally and the "soft routes" - regular road sections — resemble part of the Paris-Dakar Rally.

A Finnish team representing the Thousand Lakes Rally of Finland, one of the current 12 world championship series, is here as unofficial observers at the Jordan Rally. The delegation is encouraging Jordanian and other drivers to take part in the 1987 Thousand Lakes Rally which is scheduled to be beld on Aug. 26.

The Finnish event enjoys distinction since many of Finland's world reputed drivers, including 17 complete the line-up.

Amman Mayor Abdul Raouf
Al Rawabdeh will flag off the cars

Timo Salonen, Markku Alen and
Juha Kankkunen, "graduated" third overall
from the Thousand Lakes Rally

Tomo Salonen, Markku Alen and
Juha Kankkunen, "graduated" third overall
from the Thousand Lakes Rally

His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah during a training session for the 1987 Jordan Rall y with his trainer Jimmy McGray (second from left), a British expert on rallying who has notched a series of wins

in the European circuit, and Royal Jordanian Silk Cut team-mates Amr Bilbeisi, (third from left), who navigates the Prince's Opel Manta, and Nabil Karam, driver of the number two car in the team.

before ahead to win other legs of the world championship series. Competition is expected to be keen in the Jordan Rally between Hajri and Ibn Sulayyem. Hajri,

who is staging an impressive com-eback to the Middle East rallying circuit after an abstinence of one year during which he went on the

European circle, has already won the first two legs — Qatar and Kuwait — of the 1987 cham-Ibn Sulayyem, who won the

1986 title, seems determined not to lose sight of the Qatari rallying ace and is closely behind. But, both of them have to contend with the challenge put in by Lampi and the Soviets, not to mention Prince Abdullah, who secured third overall place in the 1986

women's increase is 10.8 per cent.

be remembered that the 1986

that success and it is only right

they should receive a fair and

adequate reward for their con-

some time, the championships

management committee had been

concerned about the cost of

red by competitors — especially the losers of early round matches.

As a result, this year's players will receive £50 (\$80 at the rate of

\$1.60) per day to help them de-

an experiment to ease crowd con-

gestion, closing its doors at a

spectator limit of 28,000, a reduc-

tion of 3,000 on previous years.

17 states to attend

ming championships to be held in

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villa has special internal and external decoration.

Wimbledon is also introducing

accommodation and travel incur-

Mr. Gorringe said that for

tribution," he added.

fray these costs.

"While we might be criticised

Both Prince Abdullah and Lampi, though the latter is driving a car of a category different to that of Hajri and Ibn Snlayyem, can upset the plans of both Gulf drivers with an overall first place victory in the Jordan Rally.

But then, Jordan is bome territory for Hajri, who says he has a soft corner for the Jordan Rally, the only Mideast event he entered last year, thus leaving the ground open for Ibn Sulayyem for the overall Middle East championship. Hajri has won the Jordan Rally three times; 1983, 1985 and 1986.

In this yea's race for the Kingdom's national championship, Prince Abdullab tops the list with his victory in the Jan. 29 Jerash Rally, the first of eight national

.cluded in the championship series. The Prince entered the Feb. 19-20 Oatar Rally with Nabil Karam and Issa Halabi making up the rest of the three-member Jordanian team but had to abandon the race due to mechanical problems.

Karam, his teammate in the Royal Jordanian Silk Cut Team, secured fifth overall place in Qatar. Prince Abdullah did not enter the March 19-20 Kuwait Raily.

The next three legs of the Middle East championship are scheduled to be held in Lebanon on Oct. 9-11, Oman on Oct. 28-30 and Dubai on Dec. 3-4. All these events, as well as the Sept. 25-27 Cyprus Rally, make up the foreign rallies included in this year's national championship.

and one event and one preliminary competition. N. Korea prepares to stage **Olympics**

mands are not met.

On Monday, North Korea said it is still preparing to stage part of the 1988 summer Olympics in Pyongyang, despite disagreement with the IOC over how many events would be staged in the

"We are making every effort to offer excelleot sports facilities and ensure all conveniences to sportsmen, officials, reporters with Davis leading 5-2 in the first in and tourists in case the Olympic conjosting is realised and the Olympic games are held to Pyongyang," North Korea's official Korean Ceotral News Agency reported, quoting a North Korean

Olympic committee spokesman. The agency, mooitored in Tokyo, said North Korea is build ing an Olympic village with more than 10 gymnasiums and stadiums, including a large-scale modern sports complex capable

of scating 150,000 people. The spokesman called for an early fourth round of talks with the IOC in Lausanne, Switzerland, to discuss issues ranging from the number of Olympic events to be held in North Korea to "the name, formation of the organising committee and open-ing and closing ceremonies of the

In February, North Korea accepted "in principle" an offer from Mr. Samaranch and South Korea to stage four Olympic events including table tennis, archery, a cycling road race and some preliminary soccer matches in the north.

But North Korea still is demanding that it be allowed to stage at least eight events and has threatened to lead an East Bloc boycott if its demands are not

In March, the agency quoted Mr. Chin Chung Guk, vice chairman of the North Korean Olympic Committee, as saying the north was not rejecting the IOC proposal, but that "our side should host one-third (of the 23

events) in view of the population

proportion in the north and the

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"She (Mercado) played well WIMBLEDON, England (AP) and I started to lose my aggres-- Prize money at this year's siveness at the end of the second Wimbledon tennis championships set," said Rebe, who last played will rise by 16.5 per cent to a new in a clay-court tournament a year record of £2.47 million (\$3.5 milago here.
"I think that changed in the lion), the All England Club third. It was probably good to get

announced Tuesday.

A check for £155,000
(\$220,000) will be handed to the £155,000 winner of the men's singles title, compared with last year's £140,000 (then worth \$196,000). The women's champion will receive £139,500 (\$197,380); against the 1986 figure of

no. Etori McNeil of the United States stopped Marianne Perez-£126,000 (then worth \$176,400)... Roldan of Argentina 6-4, 6-1. But unlike in previous years, "It feels good to have played a match," McNeil said. "Any time Britain's tax authorities will take a large slice of any winnings you get your first match out of the under new legislation coming into effect on May 1, only a few weeks Now I'm looking forward to the before the June 29-July 5 tourna-

> Under the new law, foreign players will be taxed at source and asked to relinquish part of any income earned at the cham-

Mr. Chris Gorringe, Wimbledon's chief executive, said the All England Club had been working closely with the tax authorities to arrive at "a sensible and practical agreement on the operation of the new rules."

In principle, competitors will have to give up 27 per cent of the basic rate of tax in Britain. But Mr. Gorringe, said that before calculating the monies that will be withheld, players would deduction for as long as they in the current economic climate remained in the tournament.

That, he said, would bring down the taxable amount, and for some players would take them completely outside the scope of

cials said, from the pound-dollar exchange rate during the tourna-

money is calculated on the basis of \$1.42 to the pound, it was likely to be nearer the current rate of \$1.60 by the time payments are made.

dollars, he'll almost certainly get more when be converts the money than he would if he changed it at the current rate," said Mr. Tony Hughes, Wimbledon's financial director.

"People are saying 'aren't the American players lucky. But they are not really. They suffered bad-



Wimbledon prize money goes up

money earned at the tournament. be allowed to claim for a daily

the new tax.

Despite the new tax laws, players stand to benefit slightly, offi-For although this year's prize

"We always pay in pounds but if someone wants his money in

ly when sterling depreciated in the early 1980s," he said.

Lendl, Connors advance in Japan Open tennis Altogether, Wimbledoo's massive prize structure shows an in-TOKYO (AP) - Ivan Leadi of for the U.S. and French Opens crease of 10.7 per cent in the men's prize fund, while the

tournament in five weeks, beat American Richard Matuszewski 6-4, 6-4 Tuesday in the second round of the \$605,000 Japan

for increasing (overall) prize money by 16.5 per cent, it has to Open tennis championship.

After a first-round bye, Lendl, championships, as well as being one of the happiest oo record, the world's no. 1 player, broke Maturzewski's serve in the ninth were the most successful to date infinancially," said Mr. Gorringe. "The players cootributed to game of the dust set on export by the American ranked 92nd

break in the ninth game proved decisive. Lendl woo the sixth, eighth and ninth games without losing a point in the 82-minute match on the bard court of the newly built Ariake coliseum in downtown Tokyo. "My knee condition is good

now," Lendl said. "I was a bit nervous before playing the first match after a five-week break. I had an operation on my knee on March 11 and started practice six days after the operation. I bave the confidence to play a better game this year than last year." American veteran Jimmy Con-

nors, the no. 5 seed, needed just 65 minutes to beat compatriot Brad Pearce 6-1, 6-1 in another second-round match.

Connors told reporters, "I like this coliseum very much. Except juries.

Czechoslovakia, playing his first and Wimbledon, I never played in such a good place." The stadium was completed on April 4 at a cost of 510 million yen (\$3.5 million).

In other second-round matches, American Scott Davis advanced when Thomas Hogstedt of Sweden withdrew with an injury

In the women's singles firstround, top-seeded Melissa Gurney of the United States defeated Iva Budarova of Czechoslovakia 6-4, 7-5. Second-seeded Katerina Maleeva of Bulgaria trounced Niege Dias of Brazil 6-2, 6-2 and American Kathy Jordan, the no. 3 seed, struggled to a 7-6 (9-7),

3-6, 6-2 triumpb over Adriana Villagran of Argentina. The men's singles winner will pocket \$68,000 and the women's singles winner \$15,000.

Following an increase in overall prize money, the Japan Open became the fifth largest tennis tournament after Wimbledon and the U.S., French and Australian

Earlier, American John McEnroe, the no. 4 seed in the tournament, withdrew because of in-

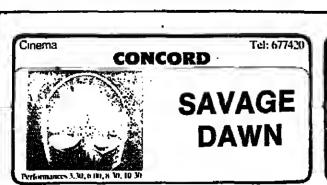
Khan stretched to the limit LONDON (R) - Jahangir Khan, who lost his world title last

November, had to fight to the point of exhaustion in the semifinals of the British Open Monday night. The once seemingly invincible Jahangir, who has won the British Open for the last five years, was stretched for 100 minutes by

Australian Rodney Martin before winning 7-9, 8-10, 9-6, 9-4, 9-0, Martin looked as though be would pull off a sensational result as he took the second game from 3-8 and two game halls down. But then the 23-year-old Pakistani called on all his vast international experience and Martin began to wilt after leading 4-2 and 6-4 in the third game.

He also led 4-1 in the fourth although this time his former aggressive style was lacking much of its earlier authority. As it turned out, he was not to win another point as Jahangir piled on the

In Tuesday night's final Jahangir was to play compatriot Jansher Khan who beat Australian Chris Dittmar 9-4, 4-9, 9-5, 4-9, 9-5 in the other semifinal.



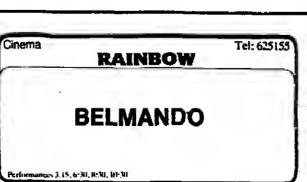
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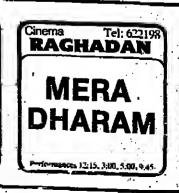
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LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets on Tuesday.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar

1.3120/30 1.8030/40 2.0330/40 1.4885/95 37.30/35 5.9980/6.0030 1285/1286 141.30/40 6.2430/80

6.7650/7700

Canadian dollar West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lira Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns

U.S. dollar

6.8025/75 One ounce of gold 440.10/440.60

Danish crowns

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - Equity prices were marked down in a defensive reaction to news of a \$15.1 billion U.S. February trade deficit. However, dealers said trading continued light in a nervous market awaiting Wall Street's reaction to the

At 1312 GMT the FTSE 100 index was 4.5 points down at 1,912.6 after touching 1,927.6 earlier, helped by encouraging U.K. February industrial production data. Although U.S. trade showed a shortfall below an expected \$18 billion, operators were wary of the recent volatility of the New York market.

Among leaders, 1CI was 9p off at 1,269.

YOUR DAILY oroscope from the Carroll Righter Institute

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, APR. 15, 1987 GENERAL TENDENCIES: Don't get involved in any resentments or make any demands on other persons. Look carefully into what you are doing and how it can be improved by your own efforts.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Don't renege on any promises you have made. Your mate is in an excellent

mood and you can be most happy together.
TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Do something that will soothe a worried partner. Avoid that ontside matter that could force confusion.

GEM1N1 (May 21 to June 21) Get your work nicely scheduled so that no friction can arise with co-workers. Enjoy your fina hobby tonight.
MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) You may feel

frustrated in handling creative work, but persevere and all goes well for you.

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Keep out of arguments at home and then plan to entertain friends there. Keep the conversation light and fun. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Say or write nothing that

could be detrimental to your best interests. You can meet a fina new contact tonight.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Plan how to handle inances more wisely. An expert may not give you tha right advice, ao double-check it.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Your efforts are finally paying off now on some project. Ba happy with your friends and family tonight.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Steer clear of a person you know who wants to do something you don't

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Quiet opposition can be trended your way, so be on the alert for this and be prepared to handle it.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Be very careful in

handling worldly affairs. Taka care you do not disturb influential people now. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Don't try to reach a new

goal during the day. A new contact could give you the proverbial burn ateer.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he, or she, will have to be disciplined gradually in order to understand that the rights and feelings of others should also be taken into consideration. One who will do well at the transfer of the rights and restriction and the statement of the rights are the rights whatever is of an investigative nature. A true seeker of justice here.

Soviet Union to begin constructing alumina plant in Greece next month

final agreements for construction near the ancient ruins of Delphi, government officials said Monday.

The factory, to be built with Soviet technical expertise and equipment, will come onstream in 1992 and eventually produce 600,000 tons annually of alumina for sale to the Soviet Union.

In the first Soviet industrial venture in this NATO-member country, the plant will process locally mined bauxite from the Mt. Parnassus range into alumi-na, the raw material for alumi-

This is the biggest investment in Greece in the past 20 years and it has taken three years of painful negotiations to ensure that it can be profitable," Industry Undersecretary George Petsos told a news conference.

The project has triggered plant would begin next munth.

"socialist conglomerate" — run

on Western lines but with profit

devoted to raising the nation's

Mr. Rong Yiren, 70 looked every

inch the scion of one of China's

top capitalist families before the

1949 communist takeover as, in a

double-breasted grey suit, he gave a news conference on the fourth floor of his firm's sky-

He is chairman of China Inter-

national Trust and Investment

Corp (CITIC), set up in 1979 to

hring foreign technology and capital to China. It has grown so

fast that its assets almost quadru-

pled between 1984 and 1986

Mr. Rong said business had

increased so rapidly that CITIC

won approval from the state

council (cabinet) in February to

turn itself into a "socialist con-

glomerate" of subsidiaries in

banking, trading, investment,

travel, property and overseas

will be not much different from

those in the West, but we are socialist — we are publicly owned

and profit is only a means to develop productivity and the

national economy and raise the

kilometres south of Dubai.

CITIC's business empire in things.

Indian-UAE joint venture to

build phosphoric acid plant

DUBAI (R) — A joint venture company of Indian and United Arah Emirates (UAE) partners said Tuesday it would build a \$60 million plant to make phosphoric acid, a fertiliser feedstock.

Company sources said the plant would be build in Jebel Ali, 40

The firm, Emirates Narmada Industries Plc., will be a partnership between Mozak International, representing UAE interests
and Gujarat Narmada Valley Fertiliser Corp. of India.

It plans a factory to manufacture 500 tonnes a day of the acid
beginning in 1989. The company plans to finance one-third of the
project through equity capital and the rest through commercial
loans, the sources said.

"Our methods and practices

living standards.

SCRAPET

China announces first

'socialist conglomerate'

PEKING (R) China's top cludes timber in the United businessman Tuesday announced States, part of an aluminium

the communist world's first smelter in Australia, half a pulp

fear that sulphurous emissions of a \$300 million alumina plant from the plant will damage the 2.500-year-old sanctuary site.

But the officials gave reassurances that the plant would meet European Community (EC) pollution-control standards. "Sulphur dioxide emissions will

total one-quarter of levels permitted by the EC and no effluents will reach the sea," said Mr. Costas Sofoulis, governor of the state-owned Greek Industrial Development Bank (ETVA), which negotiated the project. Mr. Sofoulis said the factory

outside the village of Agia Efthy-mia, 12 kilometres from Delphi, would not be visible from the. ancient site. Mr. Sofoulis said an American firm, Kaiser Engineers and Con-sultants, would act as a consultant

for the project.

mill in Canada, a bank in Hong Kong and 12.5 per cent of the shares in the Hung Kong airline

East European sources said

there was no organisation else-

where in the communist world

which matched CITIC's scope of

operations and financial inde-

Mr. Rong said that, while other organisations in China needed

state council approval for pro-

jects worth more than 200 million

yuan (\$54 million), CITIC did

not, provided it could itself en-

sure the energy, raw materials

and transport needed for them.

All these are in short supply in

Mr. Rong confirmed British

press reports that CITIC bought

its Cathay Pacifie shares in Jann-

ary without telling China's national airline CAAC, which

competes with Cathay on rontes

from Hong Kong to cities in

state council. But they have no-

thing to do with other depart-

ments," he said.

"For big projects, we inform the

Asked haw a socialist con-

Cathay Pacific.

pendence.

ATHENS (AP) — Greece and opposition from Greek and West and provide up to 2,500 jobs for the Soviet Union have signed European environmentalists who local residents.

Greece and the Soviet Union signed a contract for the plant 18 months ago but construction was delayed after Bulgaria reneged on an agreement to absorb 220,000 tons annually of the alumina produced.

The Soviet Union, which initially agreed to buy 380,000 tons of alumina annually for a 10-year period, has now decided to purchase the plant's entire out-put, the Greek officials said. The extra alumina will be paid

for in Soviet oil imports used for fuelling the plant and in technical equipment under a pricing system based on a basket of convertible currencies, Mr. Sofoulis said.

Bank officials said that successful completion of the alumina deal has cleared the way for Greek-Soviet discussions to start or the project.

In a \$1 billion project to pipe

He said construction of the Soviet natural gas through Buigaria to Greece.

U.S. Dubai subsidiary wins Syrian oil contract

DUBAI (R) - A U.S. firm said Tuesday it had won contracts for work which will allow Syria to increase its oil production by some 40,000 barrels per day (b/

An official of the Duhai affiliate of Brown and Root International said the contracts were worth \$70 million.

He said they involved construction of a gathering station near the Euphrates river in northeastern Syria which will permit new output from the new Al Ward and Al Ashrah fields. Syria, a member of the Orga-

nisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries but not of OPEC, produced some 185,000 b/d last year. Brown and Root will lay a

70-kilometre pipeline connecting the two fields and with the region's oil pipeline grid, and build base camp and other support

Lebanese lira sinks again

glomerate could do husiness with Chile, where Socialists were put BEIRUT (R) - The Lebanese national economy and raise the in prison or worse, Mr. Rong people's living standards." he said he had not come across such pound again sank against the U.S. dollar Tuesday to hit a record low closing price of 122.75/123.25, compared with Monday's 120.00/120.50. Dealers hlamed the currency's plight on the failure of Lebanon's Christian and Muslim leaders to agree on how to end the civil war wracking the country for the last 12 years. The pound will continue to decline to new lows if the situation continues to deteriorate," one dealer said. The previous lowest close was 121.00 to the dollar last February 16. The pound was worth 2.25 to the dollar at the outbreak of civil war on April 13, 1975 and 18 at the beginning of

Energy expert expects more dependence on Mideast oil

PARIS (R) — Industrial nations must expect to depend more heavily on OPEC oil but are better placed than 10 years ago to meet a new energy crisis, the executive director of the International Energy Agency (IEA), Ms. Helga Steeg, said Tuesday.

In written replies to questions from Reuters, Ms. Steeg said latest figures showed that in the 24 industrial nations of the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) emergency stock levels now amount to the equivalent of 160

days net oil imports. The IEA minimum requirement is 90 days. The IEA was formed in 1974 hy OECD nations in response to the energy crisis of 1973 when OPEC (Organisation of Pet-roleum Exporting Countries)

levied its first big price rise.
"We are much better placed now than during the 1970s to cope with a new energy supply crisis, should there be one," Ms.

She said OECD countries consume less oil now than before the first oil shock, although their economies have grown by a total of 32 per cent since then.

"Half of that oil is domestic production by OECD countries, compared with only 35 per cent in 1973," she said. Ms. Steeg said the call on OPEC oil by the rest of the world

went down from nearly 32 million barrels a day in 1978 to an average 19 million barrels in 1986. But an IEA analysis of future they eurh consumption and she concluded.

supplies showed dependence on oil from sources outside the OECD could rise from about 50 per cent in 1985 to more than 60 per cent by the year 2000.

This means greater dependence on OPEC oil, particularly from producers in the Middle East, where more than half the world's reserves are located," she

But Ms. Steeg said she believed that the degree of import dependence was not necessarily a measure of energy security.

Apart from stock levels, di-

versity of energy supply sources had to be taken into account as well as the capacity to switch from one fuel or supply source to

Ms. Steeg said two new factors make the world less vulnerable to supply emergencies than in the past, and less likely to see a repeat performance of the price rises of the 1970s.

Because of the changes she had mentioned, energy markets were more competitive, more flexible and more transparent.

"Second, producers ought by now to have absorbed the lesson that artificially high prices must in the end be self-defeating, because

stimulate marginal production,"

"I think the realisation is growing both among producers and consumers that in the long run nobody benefits from a price war. Barring inforseeable political upheavals, we stand a very good chance that the world economy will have time to adjust to the tighter market conditions likely to prevail in the next decade, thus avoiding the economic ills that would follow a sharp and painful

surge in prices," she added. Ms. Steeg said she categorically opposed IEA participation in any producer-consumer group to manipulate or stabilise the

"Experience has taught, over and over again, that attempts by governments to control markets do not work. Prices should be determined by supply and demand on open markets," she

Ms. Steeg also said there was nothing automatic or inevitable about future energy developments. They could be influenced by such factors as foreign exchange rates and economic

growth. Oil fields that are now uneconomic will become viable one day, perhaps because of higher prices or methods of recovery.

Since 1973, energy efficiency has improved far, far more than anybody thought possible, and there is scope for equally dramatic improvements in the future."

Dollar tumbles to record lows

LONDON (R) - More bad trade deficit. trade figures from the United States sent the dollar tumbling in

currency markets Tuesday. The U.S. February monthly trade deficit was put at \$15.1 billion after \$12.3 billion in

The dollar slipped within half an hour below 141 yen to a new 40-year low at 140.60. That was two yen down on its value at the end of trading in London Monday night and about 20 below its value

at the end of last year. It also traded below 1.80 West German marks for the first time since February.

The inability of the United States to narrow its huge trade deficit has weighed hard on the dollar since the start of 1987. Wall Street stocks fell Monday

on fears that the weak dollar will result in U.S. interest rates being driven higher and accelerated in-flation in the United States, with risks to economic expansion there and elsewhere in the world. has been that investors, particu-

getting out of U.S. government bonds. The United States is also running a huge budget deficit and interest rates have to rise to attract back investors to the

The treasury's benchmark 7-1/2 per cent bonds due 2016 fell 1-6/32 to 89-15/32 in the first half

Interest on the bond surged to 8.475 per cent from 7.877 just a week ago. Earlier Tuesday, dealers had bought back bonds they sold Monday, believing they had panicked.

Later, as the turmoil in the various markets continued, London dealers reported that the T-bond had fallen 2-1/2 points to 88-9/32.

Japanese investment funds, fearful of taking new losses on their dollar holdings, had dumped dollar-denominated U.S. government bonds in earlier Far East trading and bought yen to pour into the Tokyo stock market, which hit a record high.
"There is a colossal amount of

risks to economic expansion there as Tokyo's market index jumped prospects that the world econo and elsewhere in the world, 604.54 points to close at could tilt towards recession.

One effect of the dollar slide 32,524.08. Wall Street shares were low

larly the Japanese, have been dollar sliding before the new U.S. trade figures were announced.

The renewed slide after the closed down 51 points at 2288. announcement brought the cenbrake its fall.

after the news of the February acted and so did the Bank of hour.

They got the dollar back up to trade just above 1.80 marks and around 140.90 yen by mid-afternoon in Europe.

Only last week in Washington finance ministers of the Group of Seven nations — the United States, Japan, West Germany, France, Britain, Italy and Canada reaffirmed a Feb. 22 Paris agreement to cooperate to stabilise currency values.

But markets are sceptical that they can buck such economic realities as the huge U.S. trade deficit, and corresponding sur-pluses in Japan and West Ger-many, which seem to dictate a weaker dollar and appreciating yen and mark. The worries about the implica-

tions for an already-sluggish U.S. economy, and over the weakness "There is a colossal amount of money coming in from these bond sales," said a Tokyo broker, mentators last weekend to see prospects that the world econom

Wall Street shares were lower 2,524.08.

Those Japanese moves sent the older sliding before the new U.S. a sharp drop Monday when the rade figures were announced.

Wall Street shades were sowed at the opening bell Tuesday after a sharp drop Monday when the Dow Jones industrial average.

Falling prices on Wall Street tral banks into the market to buy were reflected elsewhere, except the dollar against yen and try to notably in Tokyo. Prices were attract back investors to the brake its fall.

bonds that help finance that deficit.

U.S. treasury bond prices tumbled in hectic London trading after the pews of the February arter and so did the Bank of the B

Peanuts









Mutt'n' Jeff





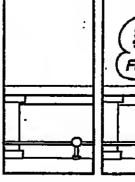


Andy Capp





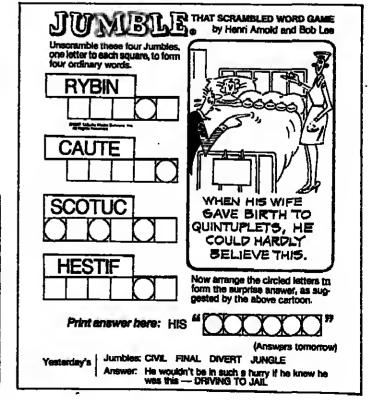


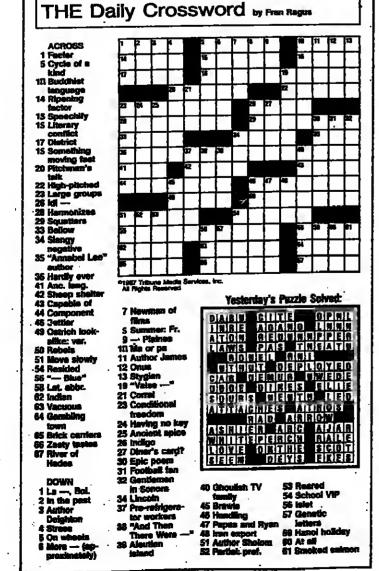






and Ron, have finally lost control and are making out. Please stand by."





Anti-apartheid leaders vow Moscow to defy new Pretoria rules

This story was written under South Africa's state of emergency which imposes severe reporting restrictions

CAPE TOWN (R) — Anti-apartheid church leaders have vowed to defy a government ban on campaigning for the release of thousands of people held without trial under South Africa's 10-month-old state of emergency.

The authorities, facing an upafter months of protest violence roar from civil rights groups and the Englisb-language press, sought to play down the ban, saying it did not stop prayers for the release of a detainee and did not apply to candidates in the May 6 whites-only general elec-

"I will urge my congregations to take part in a campaign and to do so peacefully and non-violently, whatever the consequences for me," Nobel Peace Prize laure ate Archbishop Desmond Tutu told a service in Cape Town

Tutu was loudly applauded by his mainly-white congregation when he said he would appeal to the authorities to free all detainees and asked whether the congregation supported him.

The Anglican Archhishop, who said he feared the weekend ban could outlaw even public prayers for detainees, was joined by Jewish, Catholic and Non-Conformist churchmen.

Black U.S. Ambassador Edward Perkins, who attended the service, made his strongest public criticism to date of South African policies, saying in a statement that his government would continue to protest at detentions.

Civil rights groups say 30,000 people have been detained at various stages since the emergency was declared in June last year

in black townships. The government has named some 13,000 detainees, including

children aged 11 and younger.
Police Commissioner General Johan Coetzee said the order was "not intended to prohibit prayers for the release of a detainee during a bona fide religious

gathering."
Nor did it stop election candidates from "adopting a standpoint in regard to the release of detainees," he said in a statement Monday night.

The Johannesburg Star news-paper said that South Africa had reached the stage where "you may not even object to the sus-pension of the thousand-year-old rule of justice on which our country was founded."

Protests against detention with-out trial had not been banned "even in the worst totalitarian times of Argentina" and yet it had happened in South Africa, it said in an editorial.

The new ban makes it an offence to encourage anyone to honour detainees, protest at their imprisonment, call for their release or perform a symbolic public act

solidarity with them. The government's Bureau For Information said Monday night that 10 trains had been set ahlaze at five stations in South Africa's largest hlack township of Soweto.

It said police believed the arson attacks could have been linked to a bitter five-week-old strike by black transport workers over the dismissal of a colleague.

reportedly

sale of

bave said.

MiG-29s

to Harare

WASHINGTON (R) - The

Soviet Union may be preparing to sell a squadron of highly-sophisti-

cated MiG-29 jet interceptors to

Zimbabwe, a neighbour and

ideological foe of South Africa,

Reagan administration officials

The MiG-29 "fulcrum" jets,

with long-range radar and a speed

of over 2,400 kilometres per

hour, are Moscow's most advanced

fighters and have been stationed

at some Warsaw Pact airfields

purchased 12 — a squadron — of

Quoting intelligence sources in

Washington, the report said the

United States feared South Afri-

ca might be tempted to launch

pre-emptive air strikes on bases

where the planes are to be sited

or to intercept Soviet transports

carrying them in order to pre-

serve its air superiority in the

Asked to comment on the re-

port, State Department spokes-

woman Phyllis Oakley told repor-

ters: "If the news reports are true, we would certainly have

concerns about the military, poli-

tical, and financial implications

for Zimbabwe and for the south-

ern African region as a whole."
In Johannesburg South African

state radio scorned Zimbabwe's

reported purchase of advanced

Soviet MiG-29 aircraft, describ-

ing the alleged deal as an econo-

"Experts are doubtful whether

Zimbabweans will even be able to

fly the MiG-29 interceptor planes

or operate the radar systems for

them." the radio said in its daily

commentary, which closely

"Ideas are what governing is all

about and governing is what this

politics must take second place in

Sen. Hart, one of the most

liberal members of the Senate

during his 12 years in Washing-

ton, appeared convinced that af-

ter more than six years of

Reagan's anti-government rhe-

toric Americans are prepared for

government to again take an ac-

tive role in aiding the less

Sen. Hart, 50, was the third

Democrat formally to enter the

1988 race, joining Missouri Repre-

sentative Richard Gephardt and

former Arizona Governor Bruce

Black rights leader Jesse Jack-

son, who like Sen. Hart ran in

1984, Delaware Senator Joseph

Biden, Massachusetts Governor

Michael Dukakis, Tennessee

Senator Albert Gore and Illinois

Senator Paul Simon were also

But opinion polls have put Sen.

1988," he said.

echoes government thinking.

mic gamble.

the sophisticated interceptors.

considering

Seven black workers were killed and three injured Monday in the latest accident to hit the disaster-prone mining industry.

An underground rockfall at Randfontein Estates gold mine, west of Johannesburg, came less than a week after 34 miners died in a methane gas explosion at a South African coal mine.

South African Foreign Minister Pik Botha Tuesday rejected an unusually outspoken criticism of Pretoria's policies made by Amhassador Perkins.

Mr. Perkins, the first black U.S. ambassador to South Africa, abandoned his normally discreet profile Monday and took his strongest public stand against Pretoria, describing the new curbs on public protests as seriously jeopardising freedom of

Mr. Botha told reporters Tuesday the South African govern-ment rejected Mr. Perkins' standpoint, saying that "no one who would differ from the government in a normal civilised manner ... could teel inhibited by these restrictions."

Mr. Botha also disclosed that for the second time in a week foreign diplomats were being summoned Tuesday to be briefed about the African National Congress (ANC), the outlawed guerrilla group seeking to oust the

Last week Mr. Botha charged that ANC guerrillas were planning a campaign of terror in South Africa ahead of elections on May 6 for the whites-only

Sri Lanka makes New Year call for peace

COLOMBO (R) - The Sri Lankan government called Tuesday for an end to the island's ethnic war as the majority Sinhalese and minority Tamil communities celebrated the dawn of their New Year.

"Let us forget past differences and enmittes and take the band of peace," said Prime Minister Ranasinghe Premadasa, in a New Year message. "Let us accept as brothers and sisters those of the other communities who are culturally and otherwise close to

Last Saturday the government announced a unilateral 10-day separatist rehels, saying Sri Lankans should be able to celebrate the New Year peacefully.

It said the truce was also aimed

help find a peaceful solution to the conflict in which more than 5,000 people have been killed in

But the ceasefire was rejected by the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam, most powerful of the guerrilla groups fighting for an independent Tamil homeland.

A Tigers' spokesman told reporters at their headquarters in the south Indian city of Madras that the government move was a ruse to give war-weary soldiers a

The council of Hindu organisations, representing Tamils, welcomed the government ceasefire appealed to the rebels to respond

A government spokesman said security forces had been given

at supporting efforts by India to strict orders not to attack the rebels during the truce period unless they came under extreme

provocation

Meanwbile Time magazine quoted a Sri Lankan official as saying President Junius Jayewardene will visit India and sign an agreement with Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi if negotiations with Tamil rebels succeed.

National Security Minister Lalitb Atbulathmudali said "Jayewardene would fly to New Delhi and sign a memorandum of understanding" with Mr. Gandhi if the talks are successful, the magazine said in its Monday

"If the negotiations should fail, on the other hand, government would launch an all-out military offensive" against the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam.

2 polls give Thatcher lead over opposition

LONDON (R) - Two public trist Liberal-Social Democrat opinion polls gave Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's ruling Conservative Party a commanding lead Tuesday, fuelling specula-tion that she would call an early June election.

A telephone poil in the popular Sun tabloid showed the Conservatives 17 points ahead of the Labour Party. It was the biggest rating yet for Mrs. Thatcher.
The poll showed the Conserva-

tives with 44 per cent, while Labour and Altiance had 27 per cent each. The remaining two per cent were undecided

Another poll commissioned by a financial investment company and carried out by the Mori Organisation this weekend said the Conservative Party was 13 points ahead of Labour, with the cen-

Retired Filipino general killed facing Western Europe.

Bot only India and Iraq have been allowed to buy the planes MANILA, Philippines (Agencies) outside the Eastern Bloc, Penta-- A former commander of the gon officials said.
"We know Zimhabwe and the Philippine Air Force was fatally shot by unidetntified men, police

Soviet Union have been talking about such a deal," one adminis-tration official told Renters Monsaid Tuesday. The government-run Philippine News Agency said investigaday on grounds that he not be tors were looking into the possibility that the gunmen who killed "Zimbabwe has asked for the retired Maj.-Gen. Jose Rancudo jets for air defence and the late Monday night were Com-munists. Gen. Rancudo headed Soviets are apparently seriously considering the move," be said.

the air force from 1972 to 1976. The London Sunday Telegraph reported at the weekend that Zimbabwe Prime Minister tion indicated six or seven men barged into the rest houe on Gen. Rancudo's fish farm in Lubao, 64 Robert Mugabe, who has long expressed fears of South African kilometres north west of Manila. The retired general was shot abattack, already had secretly

Police said an initial investiga-

on the porch, police said. No motive was given for the

Alliance trailing in third.

The two polls raised expecta-

tions in political circles that Mrs.

Thatcher would opt for an early

June election in her bid for a

record-breaking third term in office. Mrs. Thatcher does not

have to call elections until June.

The Sun poll was carried out by

audience selection, who canvas-

sed the views of 1,000 voters over

The Mori poll was also con-

ducted over the weekend, with

1,071 people questioned in 54

The Conservatives have been

consistently leading recent polls,

and until the two latest, the

Alliance had been taking second

different constituencies.

place in some ratings.

the weekend.

Meanwhile Philippine spiritual leader Cardinal Jaime Sin has said radical members of the country's powerful Roman Catholic had been ordered to end all involvement with an 18-year-old

Communist insurgency.
Sin, archbishop of Manila and primate of Asia's only Catholic country, said in a television interview that many priests and nuns had "joined hands" with the Communists during the 20-year rule of former President Ferdinand Marcos, who was toppled by a civilian-backed military reout midnight while he was resting volt in February, 1986.

15 Marine replacements arrive at Moscow mission

gon sources say an internal navy study proposes that embassy guards should be subjected to random lie-detector tests.

Fifteen fresh Marines had arrived in Moscow by Monday, the first replacements for the 28member force heading home to face questions about security at the troubled Moscow mission.

A new guard force was ordered last month amid charges of wrongdoing against three Marines assigned to Moscow in 1985. Sgt. Clayton Lonetree and Cpl. Arnold Bracy, accused of espionage, allegedly were entrap-ped by Soviet women into letting Soviet agents into secret areas of the embassy. Sgt. Robert Stuffflebeam was accused of violating rules against fraternisation with

All 28 guards will be replaced by the end of the week, the Pentagon said. By the end of May, the six-member guard force

WASHINGTON (AP) - Penta- arrested last week for investigation of espionage.

Though oone of the guards being brought bome from the two missions has been accused of wrongdoing, the contingents will answer questions in the continuing probe of the embassy's

Meanwhile, five Marine guards at the U.S. embassy in Vienna who previously served in Eastern Europe bave been recalled on suspicion of having "social contact" with East European nationals, an embassy spokesman said

"This action is part of a continning review of security procedures at many U.S. embassies. including the one in Vienna, following the discovery of Soviet espionage attempts at the U.S. spokesman, who insisted his name not be used.

He said the embassy could not release the identities of the five in Leningrad will be replaced because Sgt. John Weirick, a Marine guard there in 1981, was United States on Sunday.

and ordered to return to Duhlin

for consultations after the people

Accused Irish passport official contacts embassy in London

LONDON (R) — An Irish offi-cial being investigated for the alleged sale of passports to Arabs and Iranian nationals has contacted his emhassy in London through his lawyer, an embassy official said Tuesday.

The official told Reuters the lawyer for Kevin McDonald telephoned the Irish embassy Monday night after Irish officials had been unable to contact McDonald dur-

ing the past three days.

McDonald was relieved of his doties at the embassy on Friday

newspaper alleged be was selling passports for up to £15,000 (\$24,000) each, The Irish embassy official de-

plomatic immunity.

clined to say whether or not McDonald was still in London. McDonald's legal status in Britain is unclear, according to official sources. They say that as a passport officer he is not on the embassy's diplomatic staff but technical officers enjoy some di-

Indonesia defends press curbs, human rights record

officials strongly stand behind the of law. legality of curbs on the press, defend the execution of Communists and believe their country is misunderstood abroad.

The deputy parliamentary speaker, Hardjantho Sumodisasthose of Western European countries, to clear up misunderstandings about the country's buman-

newspapers Tuesday as saying he found during a tour that took him to The Netherlands, Britain the United States, Japan and Hong Kong that foreign governments had the wrong impression about four key issues.

These were the execution last September of nine Communists accused of taking part in a 1965 coup attempt, Indonesia's mass resettlement programme, its invasion of East Timor in 1975 and its human-rights record.

Australia and The Netherlands expressed concern about the execution of the Communists so long after the coup.

But Hardjantho said that they

JAKARTA (R) — Indonesian , were executed after due process

He said indonesian culture was "against torture, let alone killing," the official Antara News

Agency reported.

The main objective of his trip was to correct misunderstandings abroad about Indonesia, he said. In comments published by the leading Indonesian newspaper, Kompas, a senior Information Ministry official strongly defended the legality of the government closing one of Jakarta's main newspapers last year.

Sukarno, director general of press and graphics at the ministry, said newspapers ran the risk of losing their publishing licences if they failed to perform as "a sound, free and responsible press.'

He said the contents of a publication could be used as a justification for withdrawing its business licence.

He was responding to remarks by former Chief Justice Umar Seno Adjie, who said this month that the licencing of newspapers should not be used as a method of

He said the granting of a pub-lishing licence had nothing to do with press freedom and was only connected with the financial condition of the publishing house.

COLUMNS 768

Police seize two tonnes of hashish

TARANTO, Italy (AP) - Customs police have seized two tonnes of hashish worth some 22 billion lire (\$17 million) and arrested 21 people in the operation in this southern port city, newspaper reported Tuesday. One ring member was reported wounded in a shoot-out when police moved in as the gang was unloading the drugs from a speedboat on a coastal strip. A second man fell to his death on the rocks while trying to flee, Italian news:

OE2 liner extends sea trials

BREMERHAVEN, West Germany (R) - A West German shipbuilder, racing to avoid cash penalties for not completing on time its contract to overhaul the fuxury liner Queen Elizabeth 2, has said it has had to extend sea trials because of technical problems with new engines. Lloyd Werst said the trials, which began on April 8, would now continue until oext weekend rather than next Wednesday but it was confident the extension would not affect the strict timetable for the refit. About 750 workers are working round the clock to complete interior redecoration while the liner continues with its trials in the North Sea. The Bremerhaven company won a 320 million mark (\$175 million) order for the six-month overhaul after agreeing to pay a heavy penalty for each day it ran over the April 25 deadline for delivery to the OE2's owner Cunard.

U.S. defector celebrates birthday

MOSCOW (R) — U.S. army defector Wade Roberts, who has been granted political asylum by Moscow, has celebrated his 22nd birthday with a desert picnic in his new home region of Soviet Central Asia, the official TASS news agency said. "I want everyone to know that I feel free and happy here," Roberts, a Californian who had been serving as a private in West Germany, was quoted as saying hy TASS. Local people in Ashkhabad, capital of Turkmenia, where Roberts has decided to settle, gave him a bunch of tulips for his birthday. According to TASS, be chose Ashkhabad because it is close to the snake-infested Karakum Desert and Roberts said he had been a snake-catcher at bome in California. Roberts flew to Ashkhabad at the weekend with his West German wife Petra Neumann, TASS said.

2 die after 9-storey plunge

AMSTERDAM, Netherlands (AP) — Two ethnic Indian men have died in a nine-storey plunge from an apartment bouse after a melee at a party there, police reported. The victims were found outside the building by police called to the scene of a reported shooting disturbance at a party in a ninth floor apartment. The victims identities were not immediately disclosed. Eyewitnesses told police that one of the victims jumped from the ninth floor and the other was thrown off, according to the Amsterdam daily Het Parool. The man who was reportedly thrown from the ninth floor had stab wounds, according to police, who found three swords in the ninth floor apartment. Police in Hoorn, 30 kilometres north of Amsterdam, later arrested four brothers on homicide charges in connection with the deaths, a police spokesman there told the Associated Press.

Von Bulow lawsuit dismissed

NEW YORK (R) - A Manhattan federal court judge has dismissed Danish-born socialite Claus Von Bulow's \$20-million malicious prosecution suit against his stepson Alexander Auersperg. U.S. district Judge John Walker ruled that a one-year statute of limitations had run out on Von Bulow, the Danish socialite who was acquitted in June 1985 of trying to murder his millionaire wife Martha (Sunny) Von Bulow. Martha Von Bulow lapsed into irreversible coma in December 1980, and attempted murder charges were brought against Von Bulow. He was found guilty in one trial but that verdict was overturned and be was aquitted in a retrial. Aversperg and his sister Annie-Laurie Kneissl filed a \$56-million suit against Von Bulow sbortly after his acquittal. They are seeking to har Von Bulow from receiving any of the proceeds from their mother's estate.

Princess joins battle against AIDS

LONDON (AP) — Princess Margaret, World War II sweetheart Dame Vera Lynn, and members of the cast of the West End hit Phantom of the Opera joined forces Sunday night in the battle against AIDS. They were among the gnests and performers at a special charity concert at Sadler's Wells, which organisers hope will raise between £40,000 and £50,000 (\$65,000 and \$81,000) for research against the deadly disease, which robs the body of its ability to resist infection. Princess Margaret, the sister of Queen Elizabeth II and guest of honour, became the second member of the royal family in less than a week to publicly support the work being done for acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) victims. On Wednesday, Princess Diana shook bands and chatted with nine patients in the new AIDS ward at the Middlesex Hospital in central London. Sunday night's show was opened by cast members from Andrew Lloyd Webber's Phantom of the Opera. Dame Vera Lynn was a surprise addition to the star-studded cast, singing "We'll Meet Again." Part of the programme, named Will Aid and based on the work of William Shakespeare, was a production of an 1811 Hamlet spoof called "the Hamlet Travestie," arranged and directed by Ned Sherrin. The 60-minute "Travestie" consists of rhyming couplets, deli-vered at breakneck speed, with the final confrontation between Hamlet and Lacrtes as a prize fight. Tickets for the performance cost between £10 and 75 (\$16 and \$122).

1st U.S. AIDS hospital losing money

HOUSTON (AP) — The world's first hospital exclusively for AIDS treatment and research has become a cherished haven for victims of the disease eight months after it opened, but it is losing \$600,000 to \$800,000 a month. "We are going to continue. We haven't changed our missioo," said Daniel G. Moreschi, director of development at the privately owned Institute for Immunological Disorders. "Here, we're treated like people. It's the only place where I've not been treated as an AIDS patient, bot just as a patient," said Randy Turner, 33. The hospital is caring for 700 AIDS patients, most as ontpatients, but the unique demands of the killer disease have exhausted the \$250,000 set aside last September to treat charity cases. About 40 per cent of the patients are getting free care, and new charity patients now are referred to county and state hospitals. Moreschi said the hospital is seeking private donations to offset the monthly losses. "We have not stopped indigent care," said Moreschi. "It's just that we cannot take any new indigent patients." The hospital continues to be supported by its owner, American Medical International, a hospital chain. The company believes the importance of research and treatment into acquired immune defficiency syndrome goes beyond profit and ioss, Moreschi said.

\$40m painting could hurt Japan's image

TOKYO (AP) — The Ministry of Finance has told the company that paid nearly \$40 million for a Vincent Van Gogh painting that the steep price could damage Japan's image, a ministry official has said. The official, wno refused to be named, said the ministry took the action "to make the company aware of the influence of such behaviour to the public." He said a high-ranking ministry official made the remarks in a meeting with Yasuo Goto, president of Yasuda Fire and Marine Insurance Co. The official spoke to Goto last Thursday, one day after auctioneers in London identified Yasuda as the buyer of the painting Sunflowers. Yasuda bought the 1889 work by the Dutch artist on March 30 at a London anction, tripling the highest price previously paid for an auctioned painting. The company said it made the purchase to commemorate the company's centennial next year.

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'Soviets may have had a minor reactor accident'

BONN (R) - A nuclear reactor accident may have occurred in the Soviet Union last month, causing a slight rise in atmospheric radioactivity in parts of Western Europe, West German government scientists and officials said Tuesday.

Wolfgang Weiss, a nuclear physicist who heads the government Institute for Atmospheric Radioactivity, said his data suggested the reactor was probably in Central Russia.

His conclusions resulted from a study of a slight increase in atmosphereic radioactivity over West Germany between March 10 and March 14 that he had been asked to conduct by the Environ-

ment Ministry.
"The probability is great that there was some sort of leak from a Soviet reactor." Weiss told Reuters by telephone from the acterised the accident as minor. Soviet Ambassador Yuli Kvitsinsky, asked at a previously scheduled news conference in Boun about the report, said: "I

have no information on that."

pened," she said. "We have naturally all become sensitised because of Chernobyl.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

one of your columns that the modern tendency is to treat an overcall just like an opening bid and respond accordingly. That led to a debacle after this

West North East Sonth 3 NT Dble Pass Page

Sitting South, I held: 4J854 \$\forall 7 \circ At032 \quad 4J765 Partner said he expected a

A .- If I made such a blanket statement, perhaps I should be! What I should have said is that you treat partner's overcall as an opening bid on hands where you have a fit. Thus you would raise his sult to the two-level on 6-10 points and make a limit raise with 11-12. On stronger hands with a fit. either bid game or start with a cue-bid of the enemy suit, depending on how good your support is for partner's

The Environment Ministry said West Germany had not been informed by Moscow of any nuclear incident and would press for clarification. Rises were also recorded in Sweden and Finland, Ministry Spokeswoman Claudia

Q.—Some while back, I read in

auction:

much better band from me, and when I cited you, he suggested you were losing your marbles if indeed you made such a statement. Should you be locked up? __J.M., San Diego, Calif.

Conrad said. "We want to know what hap-

A reactor at the Chernobyl power station in the Ukraine exploded a year ago this month, spewing radiation across much of Europe in the world's worst nuc-

DEAR MR. GOREN

When it comes to responding with one no trump, you are looking at a different situation. Where partner has opened the bidding you respond one no trump with no fit and a weak hand for two

> suit and you must give partner a chance to show a second suit if he 2. Partner might have a very strong hand for his one-level opening bid, and you must give him the

1. You might have a fit in another

opportunity to describe it. Neither of these reasons holds good when partner has overcalled. The chances for a second suit are reduced, since he is likely to have five or six cards in the sult he bid. And his hand is of limited strength since he failed to make a takeout

With a misfit, it is particularly dangerous to bid one no trump after his overcall. If you have a weak hand, where do you expect to produce tricks if you can't make them in partner's long suit? And if his sult is a source of tricks, the hand is unlikely to play any better In no trump than in his suit.

Hart enters presidential race with attack on declining ethics

DENVER (R) — Former Colsaid: "I intend, as I always have, orado Senator Gary Hart has to run a campaign of ideas. formally entered the race for the Democratic Party's 1988 presidential nominatioo, pledging election is all about. Traditional "to give you a presidency you can be proud of."

At a rally in central Denver Monday, Sen. Hart blamed the Reagan administration for "public officials who represent the ethics of Donovan, Deaver and Boesky."

He was referring to former Lahour Secretary Raymond Donovan, on trial for fraud, former White House aide Michael Deaver, recently indicted for perjury and stock market magnate Ivan Boesky, who has become a symbol of an insider-trading scan-

dal sweeping Wall Street. "In recent years we've fallen far short of the ideal of America," he said. "We've let personal greed replace a sense of social justice and equity and the national

He also denounced the Reagan administration for condocting "secret wars" in Central Amer-

ica and "Marines left to die unnecessarily in Beirut." Earlier, in remarks to reporters figure other than Rev. Jackson,

expected to enter the race.

and television cameras, Sen. Hart well in front. Lange denies report of

secret deal on U.S. base LONDON (R) - New Zealand tion Deep Freeze brought Christ-Prime Minister David Lange church about \$20 million a year. Tuesday denied a British press report that his government bad made a secret deal with Washing-

In a letter to the Times newspaper, Mr. Lange said the report by the paper on April 9 was

The Times reported that Mr. Lange bad been forced to admit in parliament that he had signed a secret agreement to continue to allow U.S. planes to use Christchurch as a base for its Antarctic operations after the passage of anti-nuclear laws.

The paper pointed out opera-

"There is no "secret agreement" to safeguard the future of the U.S. Antarctic facilities in

He said the American use of the base was covered by longstanding agreements tabled in parliament, so that no new deal was needed, and that the Antarctic treaty required operations to be non-military anyway.

"It is wrong to assert that any deal over the Antarctic base was necessary as a result of our antinuclear legislation," the prime minister wrote.

Hart, the only nationally known tro, told Indonesian reporters after a meeting with President Suharto that the government should intensively lobby diplomatic missions here, particularly

rights record.

He was quoted in Indonesian ton to safeguard the future of the U.S. Antarctic base in the New Zealand city of Christchurch. Christchurch following the passage of New Zealand's anti-nuc-lear legislation." Mr. Lange

The European Community,

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